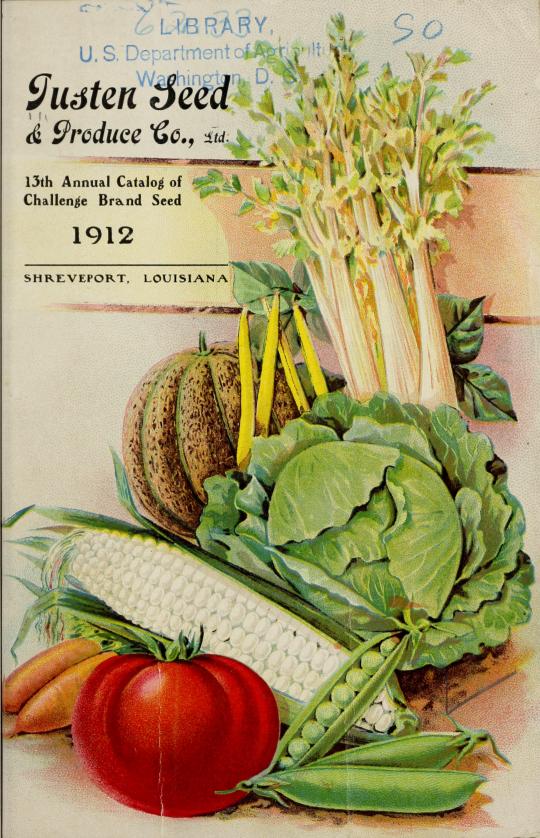
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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





Buy Tusten Seed @ Produce Co.'s Seed

THEY ARE SUCCESSFUL SEED FOR SOUTHERN GROWERS

Amount of Seed to Plant an Acre.

Asparagus roots 1000 to 7250. Barley 21/2 bushels Beans, dwarf 1 pt, to 100 ft, of drill; 1 bu. Beans, pole 1 pt. to 100 hills; 1/2 bushel. Beet, garden, 1 oz. to 100 ft, of drill; 7 lbs. Beet, mangel 1 oz. to 100 ft. of drill; 5 lbs. Broccoli 1 oz to 5000 plants; 2 oz. Brussels sprouts, 1 oz. to 5000 plants; 2 oz. Cabbage, 1 oz. to 3000 plants; 2 oz. Carrot, 1/4 oz to 100 ft of drill; 21/2 lbs. Cauliflower, 1 oz to 3000 plants, 2½ oz. Celery, 1 oz to 15,000 plants; 2 oz. Clover, Alsike and White Dutch, 6 lbs. Clover, Lucerne, 45 to 25 lbs. Clover, crimson trefoil, 10 to 15 lbs. Clover, large red and medium, 8 to 12 lbs. Collards, 1 oz. to 5000 plants; 2 oz. Corn. rice, shelled, 2 ats. Corn. sweet. 4 pt to 100 hills; 6 qts. Cress, 3-4 oz. to 100 ft of drill; 12 lbs. Cress, 3-4 oz. to 100 ft of drill; 12 lbs. Cucumber, 1 oz. to 100 hills;1 to 3 lbs. Egg Plant, 1 oz to 200 plants; 4 oz. Endive, ¼ oz to 400 ft of drill; 4½ lbs. Garlic, bulbs, 1 lb to 400 ft of drill. Gourd, 2 oz to 400 hills. Grass, Kentucky blue, 2 bushels. Grass, English blue, 1 bushel. Grass, Hungarian and millet, ½ bushel. Grass, red top, fancy clean, 8 to 40 lbs. Grass, red top, fancy clean, 8 to 10 lbs. Grass, red top, chaff seed, 20 to 28 lbs. Grass, timothy, ¼ bushel. Grass, orchard, perennial rye, fowl meadow and wood meadow, 2 bushels. Horse radish roots, 10,000 to 15,000. Kale, 1 oz to 5000 plants; 2 oz. Kohl rabi, 1-3 oz to 400 ft of drill; 4 lbs. Leek, 1-3 oz to 400 ft of drill; 4 lbs. Lettuce, ¼ oz to 100 ft of drill; 3 lbs. Melon, musk, 1 oz to 100 hills; 1 to 3 lbs. Melon, water, 4 oz to 100 hills; 1½ to 4 lbs. Nasturtium, 2 oz to 100 ft of drill; 15 lbs. Okra, 1 oz to 100 ft of drill; 8 lbs. Onion seed, 1-3 oz to 100 ft of drill: 4 to 5 lbs. Onion seeds, for sets, 40 to 80 pounds.
Onion sets, 1 qt to 40 ft of drill; 8 bushels.
Parsnip, ¼ oz to 100 ft of drill; 3 lbs.
Parslev, ¼ oz to 100 ft of drill; 3 lbs. Peas, garden, 1 pt to 100 ft of drill; 1 to 3 bu. Peas, field, 2 bushels. Pepper, 1 oz to 1500 plants; 3 oz. Pumpkin, 1-3 qt. to 100 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. Radish, 2-3 oz to 100 ft of drill; 10 to 12 lbs. Rye, 1½ bushels. Salsify, 3-4 oz to 100 ft of drill: 8 lbs. Spinach, ½ oz to 100 ft of drill; 8 lbs. Summer savory, 3-4 pound. Sunflower, 8 lbs. Squash, summer. 4 oz to 100 hills; 2 lbs. Squash, winter, 8 oz to 100 hills; 2 lbs. Tomato, 1 oz to 4500 plants; 1 oz. Tobacco, 1 oz to 5000 plants: 2 oz. Turnip 1 oz to 250 ft of drill; 1 to 3 lbs. Vetches, 2 bushels.

Standard Weight of Seeds.

Alfalfa clover, per bushel, 60 lbs Alsike clover 60 lbs. Barley 48 lbs. Beans 60 lbs Broom corn 46 lbs. Buckwheat 48 lbs. Canary seed 60 lbs. Castor beans 46 lbs Clover seed, red. 60 lbs. Clover seed, white, 60 lbs. Clover seed, crimson, 60 lbs. Clover seed, Japan, 25 lbs. Clover seed, burr, measured 8 lbs. Corn, shelled, Adams, 50 lbs. Corn, shelled, sugar, 46 lbs. Corn, shelled, field, 56 lbs. Corn, on ear, 70 lbs. Flax seed, 56 lbs. Grass seed, English rve, 20 lbs. Grass seed, Italian rve. 20 lbs. Grass seed, meadow fescue, 15 lbs. Grass seed, orchard, 14 lbs. Grass seed, Kentucky blue, 14 lbs. Grass seed, timothy, 45 lbs. Grass seed, Hungarian, 48 lbs. Grass seed, Johnson, 25 lbs. Grass seed, meadow oats, 14 lbs. Hemp seed, 44 lbs. Irish potatoes, heaped, 60 lbs. Millet, German and Italian, 50 lbs. Mustard, 58 lbs. Oats, 32 lbs. Osage orange, 33 lbs. Onions, 57 lbs. Onion sets, 32 lbs. Peas, cow, 60 lbs. Peas, Eng. smooth,, seed, 60 lbs. Peas, Eng., wrinkled, 56 lbs. Rape seed, 50 lbs. Rye, seed, 56 lbs. Radish seed 50 lbs. Sweet potatoes, 56 lbs. Sorghum, 50 lbs. Sunflower, Russian, 24 lbs. Teosinte, 50 lbs. Turnip seed 58 lbs. Vetch, 60 lbs. Wheat, seed, 60 lbs.

Unless you have an established credit send cash with order; this will save time and annoyance.

Tusten Seed @ Produce Co.'s Hnnual Catalog of Reliable Seeds



JANUARY 1 1912

E PRESENT you this our Thirteenth Annual Catalog of TUSTEN'S CHALLENGE BRAND SEED with CONFIDENCE that no Purer or Better strains of seeds or seed of stronger germinating strength can be found than the ones listed herein.

You will receive from us this year, seed grown by the most reliable seed growers of Europe as well as those of the United States and if you will use the same care in planting and cultivating that we have exercised in selecting the seed, you will be blessed with bountiful crops of delicious and healthful vegetables.

With kind regards and hoping that the year 1912 will be one of Prosperity and Happiness to you, we remain, Yours truly,

TUSTEN SEED & PRODUCE CO. LTD.

By F. A. Tusten, President.

About Warranting Seed—While we use great care, both for our own and our customers' interests, to supply and furnish the best seeds that it is possible to obtain, there are so many conditions—weather and other causes—affecting the growth of seeds and the out-turn of crops, that it must be distinctly understood that all of our seeds are sold under the conditions in regard to non-warranty of seeds which have been generally adopted by the seed trade, which are as follows:

"We give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants we send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned," and all money paid will be promptly refunded.

Sign Your Name—Name and address should be written as plainly as possible and care exercised to have post office, county and State in full. If your express office or freight depot has a different name from your postoffice, give that also. This is very important, as we can not send goods if we do not know where to send them.

We pay postage or expresage on all seeds quoted by the packet, ounce, quarter pound and pound; also on pints and quarts of Peas, Beans and Sweet Corn, and on plants and bulbs except where noted otherwise; and upon all goods quoted in our catalog where it says: Prepaid by mail or express.

Notice Carefully the Prices—Be sure to know whether we or you are to pay the freight or express and bear in mind that we do not pay express or freight charges on pecks or bushels, nor on any tools or plants, nor on potatoes, grass seeds, field seeds or fertilizers, except where we so state on the pages where the goods are priced.

COLLECTIONS OF CHAMPION BRAND GARDEN SEED

For the convenience of our many customers, we have put up the following collections, containing well known varieties of Vegetable seed, which we will mail or express (according to weight) freight paid to any Post or Express office in the United States.

COLLECTION A.—75 CENTS

2 pkts. Peas, early and late. 1 pkt. Mustard. 1 pkt. Beans, bush. 1 pkt. Canteloupe. 1 pkt. Beans, pole. 1 pkt. Watermelon. 1 pkt. Beet. 1 pkt. Onion. 1 pkt. Cabbage. 1 pkt. Parsley. 1 pkt. Carrot. 2 pkts. Radish, long and turnip. 1 pkt. Sweet Corn. 1 pkt. Turnip. 1 pkt. Cucumber. 1 pkt. Tomato. 1 pkt. Luttuce. 1 pkt. Collard.

COLLECTION B-\$1.00

1 pkt. Collard. 1 pkt. Watermelon. 1 pkt. Mustard. 1 pkt. Onion. ½ pt. Early Peas. 1 pkt. Parsley. ½ pt. Late Pole Peas. 1 pkt. Cayenne Pepper. 1/2 pt. Bush Beans. 1 pkt. Sweet Peppers. 1/2 pt. Pole Beans. 2 oz. Turnip. 1. pkt. Beet. 1 pkt. Long Radish. 1 pkt. Cucumber. 1 pkt. Turnip Radish. 1 pkt. Lettuce. 1 pkt. Tomato. 1 pkt. Cantaloupe.

COLLECTION C .- \$2.00

1 oz. Watermelon. 1 qt. Early Peas. 1 oz. Mustard. 1 pt. Late Pole Peas. 1/2 oz. Turnip Radish. 1 gt. Early Bush Beans. 1/2 oz. Long Radish. 1 pt. Late Pole Beans. 4 oz. Spinach. 1 gt. Sweet Corn. 1 oz. Squash. 1 oz. Turnip Beet. ½ oz. Tomato. 1/2 oz. Early Cabbage. 1/2 oz. Late Cabbage. ½ lb Turnip. 1 pkt. Egg Plant. 1 oz. Carrot. 1 pkt. Onions. 1/2 oz. Collard. 1 pkt. Sweet Pepper. 1 oz. Cucumber. 1 pkt. Cayenne Pepper. 1 oz. Lettuce.

1 oz. Cantaloupe.

CALENDAR FOR 1912.

ECLIPSES -Standard Time.

In the year 1912 there will be four Eclipses, two of the Sun and two of the Moon.

I.—A Partial Eclipse of the Moon, April 1-2. Invisible to the United States. Visible to Europe, Asia and Africa, and in part to the north-eastern tip of No th America, South America, except the north-west portion, and the western portion of Australia.

II.—A Central Eclipse of the Sun, April 17. Visible to the eastern portion of North America, the West Indies, the northern and north-eastern portions of South America, Europe,

morth-west Africa, and the western part of Asia.

III.—A Partial Eclipse of the Moon, September 26. Visible to the central and western portious of North America, Australia and the Pacific Ocean, and in part to the eastern por-

tions of Asia.

IV —A Total Eclipse of the Sun, October 10. Visible to the south-east tip of the United States, the southern part of Mexico, Central America, the West Indies, South America, and the southern end of Africa.

THE TWELVE SIGNS OF THE ZODIAC.

THE RAM. Aries, Y HEAD & FACE.



FISHES. Pisces. X THE FEET.

			ern Time
Vernal Equinox (Spring begins)	March	20 d.	6 h. 29 m. P M.
Summer Solstice (Summer begins)			
Autumnal Equinox (Autumn begins)			
Winter Solstice (Winter begins),			

MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

Mercury (8) will be Morning Star about January 15, May 13, September 7 and December 28; and Evening Star about March 27, July 25 and November 19.

Venus (2) will be Morning Star till July 5; then Evening Star the rest of the year.

Jupiter (14) will be Morning Star till June 1; then Evening Star till December 18; and then Morning Star again the rest of the year,

"Uncle John," said little Emily, "do you know that a baby that was fed on elephant's milk gained twenty pounds in one week?" "Nonsense! impossible!" exclaimed Uncle John and then he asked: "Whose baby was it?" "The elephant's," said the little girl.

An Indiana man wagered ten dollars that he could ride the fly-wheel in a saw mill, and as his widow paid the bet she remarked that William was a kind husband but he didn't know much about fly-wheels.

ARTICHOKES

There are two distinct kinds as offered below. The Large Globe produces undeveloped flower heads which are cooked like Asparagus, being very deficious, and is fast becoming an important crop for the South, to which it is particularly suitable. The Jerusalem produces tubers which are excellent for stock and quite often used for table, being boiled like potatoes. Also excellent for mixed pickles.

Large Globe—Half an ounce produces 300 plants sufficient for a good sized garden. Six ounces per acre. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; lb. \$3.00.

culture—Seed sown in hot beds is fransplanted in May. If in the open ground, sow in April in rows 45 inches apart and one inch deep, thinning out to four inches, and transplanting the following spring to rows 3 fect apart and two feet between the plants. Should be given slight protection in winter with litter of manure.

Jerusalem (Tubers)—Besides ta-

ble purposes, the principal use is for stock feeding, being especially valuable for hogs, preventing cholera, and are exceedingly nutritious. They produce an enormous crop, and when once planted, come up for years afterwards, hence for a field crop, select some land to be devoted to artichokes exclusively, and they will continue to produce for years. A good yield is 200 to 300 bushels per acre. One quart cut plants 60 to 15 feet, 6 bushels per acre. Plant and cultivate like potatoes. Per qt. 20, by mail 35c; peck 65c; bu. \$2.00.

ASPARAGUS

Cuiture—Sow in the fall or early Spring in shallow drills, 15 or 18 inches apart, thin out seedlings to 3 or 4 inches in rows, saving only the strongest, transplant when two years old into permanent beds, the soil of which should have been thoroughly mixed with well rotted manure.

Conover's Colossal—A standard variety of good quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4

16. 15c; lb. 50c.

Palmetro—A great yielder, earliest and larger than Conover's Colossal.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 50c.

Asparagus Roots—We carry a large stock of the above named varieties in stock from 2 to 3 years old. Price \$1.00 per 100.

BUSH, OR SNAP BEANS

Culture.—For the earliest crop, plant just as soon as the weather gets warm—in this section about the 20th of March. To have a succession, plant every two weeks throughout the summer. Late snaps make a very satisfactory crop, and should be much grown. For field culture plant in rows 2½ to 3 feet apart, and about 3 inches between the beans, covering about 2 inches. If to be cultivated by hand in small gardens, the rows may be 2 feet apart. Up to the time of blooming cultivate often, but never when the vines are wet, as the pods and leaves would become discolored. One quart will plant 100 feet of drill: 1½ bushels to an acre.

Early Mohawk—Is a long flat podded variety withstanding a greater degree of frost and cold than any other variety. Pkg. 5c; pt. 15c; qt. 20c; peck \$1.25; bushel \$4.25.

for; qt. 20c; peck \$1.25; bushel \$4.25. Farly Six Weeks—Long flat podded variety, very productive. Pt. 15c; qt. 20c; peck \$1.35; bushel \$4.25.

Improved Valentine—A round podded variety, very productive, stringless, can be picked six weeks from time of planting. Pt. 15c; qt. 25c; peck \$1.50; bushel \$4.50.

Improved Golden Wax (Rust-Proof)—A rich golden yellow round podded variety, very prolific. Pt. 20c; qt. 25c; peck \$1.75; bushel \$5.25.

Dwarf German Wax—A great favorite with market gardeners on account of its fine quality of tender yellow waxy pods. Pt. 20c; qt. 30c; peck \$4.75; bushel \$5.00

yellow waxy pods. Pt. 20c; qt. 30c; peck \$1.75; bushel \$5.00.

Burpces' Stringless Green Pod—A large round bodded variety, very brittle and entirely stringless, considered the best for canning purposes. Pt. 25c; qt. 40c; peck \$1.75; bushel \$5.50.



Dwarf or Bush Lima—A very productive variety; they grow from 15 to 18 inches high and continue bearing until frost. Pt. 20c; qt. 30e; peck \$1.75; bushel \$6.00.

Giant Stringless Green Pod—This Bean has a much larger pod than B's Stringless or about 1-3 larger than the Valentine—average 5 inches long—round and fleshy, extremely crisp and absolutely stringless. Pkt. 10c; qt. 25c; 4 qts. 80c; pk. \$1.50; bu. \$5.50.

JANUARY

Sow Spinach, Mustard, Carrots, Beets, Leeks, Lettuce, Cabbage; sow early Cauliflower in a frame.

2161		912			Ja	11	u;	ar	y		3	1912
F. M. L. Q. N. M. F. Q.	BOSTON NEW YORK WASH'TON N. H. M. H. M. H. M. H. M. S OM S OM	MOON'S SIGNS.	NO	OF RTH TATI	ERN	SUN SLOW.	M	OF D D TATE	LE	sou	OF UTHE FATE Sun N	RN
1 M 2 T 3 W 4 T 5 F 6 S	Circumcision Port Arthur surrendered, 1905 Bishop Hughes died, 1864 L. Delagrange killed, 1917 Praxedes M. Sagasta died, 1903 Epiphany	× MMM	7 30 7 30 7 30 7 30 7 30 7 30 7 30		4 12 5 32 6 50	3 4 4 5 5 6	7 24 7 25 7 25 7 25 7 25 7 25 7 25 7 25	H. M. 4 42 4 43 4 44 4 45 4 46		7 3 7 3 7 3 7 3 7 3	5 4 5 5 6 5 6 5 7	3 47 5 1 6 15 ises. 6 29 7 45
7 S M M 9 T W III T III F III S	Forester Pinchot dismissed, 1910 Cardinal Satolli died, 1910 Mississippi seceded, 1861 Wm. R. Harper died, 1906 Alabama seceded, 1861 Norvin Green died, 1903 Rhoades Opera House fire, 1908	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7 30 7 30 7 29 7 29 7 29 7 29 7 29 7 28	4 43 4 44 4 45 4 46 4 47 4 48 4 49	8 40 9 55 11 6 morn 0 15 1 22 2 29	6 7 7 8 8 9	7 25 7 25 7 25 7 24 7 24 7 24 7 24 7 24	4 48 4 49 4 50 4 51 4 52 4 53 4 54	8 43 9 56 11 6 morn 0 14 1 20 2 25	7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 4 7 3	5 9 5 10 1 5 10 1 5 12 5 13 5 14	8 57 0 3 1 7 norn 0 9 1 9 2 9
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8. 30 21 S 22 M 23 T 24 W 25 T 26 F 27 S	Sunday after Epiphany. Elisha Gray died, 1901 Riot at St Petersburg, 1905 Earthquake in Persia, 1909 Senator R. A. Alger died, 1907 Conversion of St. Paul Henry M. Field died, 1907 James G Blaine died, 1893	4 = 1	7 25 7 24 7 23 7 23 7 22 7 21	4 59 5 0 5 1 5 2 5 3 5 5 6		11 12 12 12 12	7 20 7 20 7 19 7 18 7 17 7 17	5 3 4 5 5 6 8 9	7 11 8 14 9 17 10 21 11 26 morn	7 2	5 21 5 22 5 23 5 24 10 5 25 1 5 26 m	7 27 8 25 9 22 0 20 1 21
4. 4t 28 S 29 M 30 T 31 W	Stuart Mine Disaster room	F	7 20 7 19	5 7 5 8 5 10	1 51 3 8 4 25 5 36	13	7 15 7 14 7 14	5 11	1 47	6 59 5 6 58 5 6 58 5	28 :	9m. 1 29 2 39 3 51 5 0
	VEATHER PREDICTIONS.—1 r; 12-16, rain or snow, 17-22, c					; 4	-7, ve			-11, cl	ear ar	

"Jim, kin you tell me de dif'rence between a rotten head of cabage and a watermelon?"

"No. sah."

"Well, foh de land sake you'se de last nigger dat I'd send out after a watermelon for me."

What most frequently becomes a woman? A little girl.

If you are not already a purchaser of Tusten Seed & Produce Co.'s seeds may we not have the pleasure of adding you to our list of patrons?

A Green Bay woman whose husband kicks her down stairs every night says she likes to look over his old letters commencing "My dearest, darling little angel Minnie, heaven alone knows the depth of my love for you."

POLE BEANS

Culture.—Pole Beans are more sellsitive to cold and wet than the Snap Beans, and should not be planted before April. Set poles eight feet long firmly in the ground, four feet apart each way, and put five or six beans, eye downward, in each hill.



King of the Garden—Vigorous grower, pods containing five to six large beans which are of fine quality. Pkt. 10c; gt. 25c; pk. \$1.75; bu. \$6.00.

Small Lima or Siva—This is the standard variety of Pole Lima. Pt. 45c; qt. 25c; peck \$1.75; bushel \$6.00.

Kentucky Wonder—We regard this variety as one of the best and most desirable Pole Beans. Pt. 45c; qt. 25c; peck \$1.50; bushel \$5.00.

Corn Field or Cut Short—Standard well known varieties of Pole Beans, useful for "snaps" during the summer and for shell beans during the winter. Every garden should have few. Packet 40c; pt. 45c; qt. 25c; peck \$4.50; bushel \$5.50.

GARDEN BEETS

Culture—For earliest use, sow in holbeds and transplant, cutting off the outer leaves when setting out. For early outdoor crop sow as soon as the ground can be worked, the main sowin in March or early April. Beets thrive best in light, loose, fresh, clean, deeply worked soil, that has been well manured for the previous crop. Winter beets and mangels should be sown in April or May, or as late as June, although at this late date there is some risk and the seed should be carefully soaked before sowing. For field culture, sow in drills 2 to 2½ feet apart, and cover about one inch. Thin out to 4 inches apart. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill six to eight pounds one acre. For a small garden, the drills need not be more than fifteen inches apart. Garden beets can be sown in June and July for use during the fall and early winter.

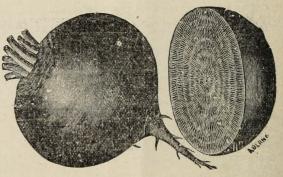
Philadelphia Early Turnip Beet—A handsome, uniform, round turnip beet, very smooth, good size, flesh red, good quality. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb 75c.

Blood Turnip—Very popular everywhere, roots fine, symetrical in shape, tender and sweet. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Early Eclipse—A choice early variety, shape globular, quality good color light, Oz. 10c; ¼ fb. 25c; fb. 75c.

Early Egyptian—The well known early variety, color is dark red, flat shape, excellent quality. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Long Smooth Red—A good cropper, shape long, Oz. 40c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. 50c.



Swiss or Chard—Sometimes called Spinach Beet, only valuable for the tops, which make delicious greens; the tops should be cut occasionally to let tender sprouts come fom the roots, in this way they last from spring until frost comes in the fall. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

FEBRUARY

Plant Peas for general crop. Early Corn. Sow Spinach, Mustard, Carrots, Beets, Leeks, Radishes, Turnips, Kohl Rabi, Lettuce, Cabbage, Parsley, Soup Celery, Irish Potatoes, Herb Seeds; plant Asparagus Roots, Beans, Cucumbers, Squash.

1912		N. Control of the con	A STATE OF THE STA		fel	6	l'I	la	ry		2	1912	
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5. 8	5. Septuagesima Sunday. Day's Length—10h, 2m.—10h. 11m.—10h. 40m.												
4 S M 6 T W 8 T 9 F 10 S	Kentucky's Pass, rescued, 1910 Thomas Carlyle died, 1831 Fort Henry captured, 1862 Great Fire in Baltimore, 1904 Gen. John R. Lewis died, 1900 Confederate Congress met, 1861 Steamer Gen. Chanzy lost, 1910	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	7 13 7 11 7 10 7 9 7 8 7 7 7 6	5 18 5 19 5 20 5 21	8 46 9 58 11 8 morn 0 16	14 14 14	7 8 7 7 7 6	5 20 5 21 5 22 5 23 5 25 5 26 5 27	morn o 12	6 54 6 53 6 52	5 37 5 38 5 3¢	7 43 8 50 9 55 10 58 11 59 morn 0 59	
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11 S 12 M 13 T 14 W 15 T 16 F 17 S	Steamer Larchmont lost, 1907 Steamer Penguin lost, 1909 Hans von Bulow died, 1894. St. Valentine's Day Senator M. A. Hanna died, 1904 Dr Wm. Everett died, 1910 Chief Geronimo died, 1909	をなる。	7 4 7 3 7 2 7 0 6 58 6 58 6 56	5 27 5 28 5 29 5 31 5 32	6 36	14 14 14 14	7 0 6 59 6 58 6 56 6 5 6 53		3 25 4 22 5 11 5 55 6 30	6 47 6 46 6 45	5 42 5 43 5 44 5 44 5 45	1 59 2 58 3 53 4 42 5 28 6 8 sets	
7. Q	rinquagesima Sunday.	-	De	uy's L	enath-	-70	0h. 38)m.—	10h. 4	4m	11h	5m.	
18 S 19 M 20 T 21 W 22 T 23 F 24 S	La Esperando Mine Disas, 1907 Strike at Philadelphia, 1910 Carroll D. Wright died, 1909 Ash Wednesday Atlantic Fleet returned, 1909 Panama Canal Treaty, 1904 St. Matthias	20 X	6 55 6 54 6 52 6 51 6 49 6 48 6 46	5 38 5 39 5 41	7 9 8 14 9 20 10 28	14 14 14 14	6 50 6 48 6 47 6 45	5 38 5 39 5 40 5 42 5 43	7 10 8 14 9 19 10 25 11 36	6 40 6 39 6 38 6 3?	5 48 5 49 5 50 5 50 5 51	7 17 8 15 9 14 10 16	
8. 1s	t Sunday in Lent.		D	ay's L	ength-	-76	0h. 5	Вт.—	-11h. 2	m 1	1h.	18m.	
25 S 26 M 27 T 28 W 29 T	David B. Henderson died, 1906 N O. Docks burnt, 1905 Landslide at Mace, Id. ho, 1910 Landslide at Burke, Idaho, 1910 Leap Year Day	\$1 5.0	6 43 6 42 6 40	5 40	2 9 3 20 4 23	13	6 43 6 41 6 40 6 38 6 37	5 46 5 48 5 49	2 3 3 13 4 16	6 32	5 54 5 55 5 55	0 27 1 36 2 44 3 47 4 44	
	EATHER PREDICTIONS1-edly colder; 17-22, moderating												

"Will the boy who threw that pepper on the stove please come up here and get a present of a nice book?" said the school teacher. But the boy never moved. He was a far seeing boy.

Try our Challenge Brand Tom Watson watermelon.

If you were going through the woods, which would you rather, have, a lion eat you or a bear? The lion eat a bear.

"I takes my text dis mornin," said a colored preacher, "from dat portion ob de Scriptures where the Postol Paul pints his pistol to the Fessions."

CABBAGE

One ounce makes 4.500 good plants: 6 ounces sown will set an acre. For early use sow in trames in December, January or February. For summer and early fall, sow out of doors in March. For late use sow in April, May ,or June, according to the period of maturity. An acre of cabbage usually sells from \$150 to \$200.

Few Rules for Planting and Growing Cabbage Successfully.

Don't have the soil in the seed bed as rich as the field to which the cabbage is transplanted, or the plants will be starved after transplanting,

Don't seed too thickly or force the growth too rapidly, or the plants will grow too tall, slim, and slender, and the growth be more seriously checked by adverse conditions.

Root deeply to resist drouth. Whe setting out, plant up to the first leaf stems. Surely plenty of moisture and manure or our High Grade Vegetable

Fertilizer.

Don't sow the seed for a whole crop at one time, for plants of different

age are differently affected by adverse circumstances, and by division a planter will have a better chance to profit, at least from part of the crop.

Give high fertilization, work frequently and deeply.

Insect Remedies—For flea beetles in seed bed dust the plants with to-bacco dust or Slug Shot. For cabbage worms dust with Slug Shot, or Paris Green diluted with flour or land plaster 4 to 60. For terrapin or harlequin bugs hand-pick them. Where troublesome each year, sow Spring Kale or Mustard as "catch crops" in between every tenth row, then destroy plants and bugs with coal oil.

Challenge Early Drumhead

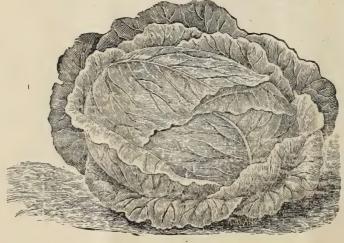
This is the best of all early Drumhead Cabbages for the South. just the right sort to plant if you want an early crop of Cabbages. It is a good grower and is especially valuable for the lighter soils of the South where many of the pointed cabbages fail to make good heads. It is not only hardy to resist winter cold, but it is unexcelled to stand burning sun without scalding or blistering. Pkt. 5c: 02 20c: ¼ fb. 50c; lb. \$1.50; postpaid.



Challenge Late

Flat Dutch

The best of our late Flat Dutch varieties. For Ju-August and September planting, to mature in winter and spring. it has no superior, as it resists frosts and freezes to a remarkable gree. It is particularly valuable for spring planting as appears stand heat as well as cold. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c: ¼ fb. 50c; 15. \$1.50, postpaid.



MARCH

Sow Turnips, Beets, Radishes, Lettuce, Spinach, Carrots, Mustard, Leeks, Soup Celery, Parsley, Cress, Chervil, Large Royal Lettuce is best for sowing now. Plant Bush and Pole Beans, Endive, Squash, Cucumbers, Melons, Okra, Tomatoes, Egg Plants and Peppers.

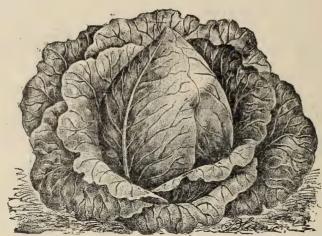
2161	1912	1	1/2	杨				ai	r	r	h		<u></u>	1912
F. M. L. Q. N. M. F. Q.	BOSTON NEW YORK WASH'TON H. M. H. M. H. M. H. M. S 42 M. 5 42 M. 5 42 M. 18 5 9 A. 5 5 A. 2 55 A. 2 55 A. 2 55 A. 2 55 A. 2 50 A. 2 50 A. 10 2 A.	OON'S SIGNS.	-	OR ST	ATE	ERN	N SLO	M	I D	OF D D	L E S.	S	STA	HERN TES
0 D. M. W	Historical Events. St. David	MOM	1.	M. H	Sun sets	Moo sets H. N	S	Sun rises H. M	н.	Nt.		Sun rises H. M	sets	sets
2 S	Juneau Mine Explosion, 1910 Sunday in Lent.	2	6	5 5	49 51 Lei	6 2	8 12	6 35 6 34 h. 18	5	52	6 24	·	5 5	
3 S 4 M 5 T 6 W 7 T 8 F 9 S	Ex-Gov. J. S. Hogg died, 1906 Wm. H. Taft inaugurated, 1909 General Strike in Philadel., 1910 Senator Platt died, 1910 Wm. H. English died, 1896 Jake Schaefer died, 1910 Emp. William I. died, 1888	から	6 2 6 2 6 2	34 5 32 5 30 5 8 5 27 5 25 5 24 5	53 54 55 57 58	8 4 9 5	4 12 5 12 6 11 7 11	6 31	5 5 5 5		rises 7 34 8 43 9 53 11 3 morn 0 10	6 20	5 5 5	9 rises 9 7 34 0 8 38 1 9 42 2 10 45 2 11 48 3 morn
10. 3	d Sunday in Lent.		D	ay'	s Le	ngth	-11	h.38	Bm.	-1	1 h. 40) m	-1 1h	. 46m.
10 S 11 M 12 T 13 W 14 T 15 F 16 S	Standard Oil Co acquitted, 1909 Cuba ratifies Treaty; 1903 Battleship Jena Explosion, 1907 Gold Standard Bill passed, 1900 Dr L Windthorst died 1891 Grst Congress opened 1909 Joseph Medill died, 1899	₩ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6 1 6 1 6 1	2 6 8 6 7 6 5 6 3 6	1 2 4 5 6	2 2 3 I 4 4 3	5 10 5 10 6 9 6 9	6 19 6 18 6 16 6 15 6 13	6 6 6 6 6	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	2 14 3 8 3 53 4 30 5 1	6 I 6 I 6 I	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	4 0 48 5 1 45 5 2 39 6 3 26 7 4 6 8 4 41 8 5 13
11. 4	th Sunday in Lent.	15.5		Day	's L	enat	h—1	1h. 6	8m	1	11h. 6	8m.	-12	h. 0m.
17 S 18 M 19 T 20 W 21 T 22 F 23 S	St. Patrick's Day French Commune, 1871 Vale College founded, 1700 Spring begins Crete blockaded, 1897 Sen, Wm. Jas, Bryan, Jr. d, 1908 Nice Opera House burned, 1881	はこれに	6 6 6	0 6 8 6 6 6 5 6 3 6 9 6	9 10 12 13	5 5 sets 7 1 8 1 9 3 10 4 mort	8 8 8 9 8 7 5 7	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	6 6	12 13 14	5 50 sets 7 9 8 17 9 27 10 40 11 54	6 6 6 6	7 6 1 6 6 1 6 6 1 4 6 1	1 7 7 1 8 9 2 9 14
12. 6	th Sunday in Lent.		D	ay's	Lei	igth-	-12	h. 18	m	-1 2	h. 18	m	12h.	14m.
24 S 25 M 26 T 27 W 28 T 29 F 30 S	Jules Verne died, 1905 Annunciation Earthquake at Chilapa, 1908 Cyclone in Louisville, 1897 Justice D. J. Brewer died, 1910 Mrs. Farmer electrocuted, 1909 Alaska purchased, 1867	100 MM	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 4	6 6 4 6 2 6 1 6 9 6	18	1 1 2 1 3 1 3 5 4 2	2 6 7 6 2 5 5 5 8 5	5 53 5 51 5 50	6	17 18 19 20	morn 1 3 2 10 3 5 3 49 4 24 4 53	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	6 1 6 1 6 1	5 I 4I 6 2 38 7 3 27 8 4 7
13 P	alm Sunday.		D	au'	s Le				_		2h. 3	7m	-12h	. 29m.
31 S	Joseph Howard died, 1908	M			24			5 46			5 19			
11-15	EATHER PREDICTIONS.—1, milder and thawing; 16–20, col	-5, c der;	lear 21-	an 24,	d co sno	old; 6 w flu	7, rries	threa ; 25-	ten -29,	ing; ple	8-10 asant	, he:	avy s -31, g	now; gales

The list of vegetables seeds which we offer embraces the very best varieties in cultivation. We do not attempt to multiply the number of varieties, but simply to select the very best, and such as are particularly adapted to our southern soil and climate. In selecting and growing our seeds, our constant aim is to

supply the very best seeds that can be grown, at as reasonable prices as first class seeds can be sold.

Try our Early Drumhead Cabbage Seed, you will have no other when once tried.

Tusten's seeds are sold on their merits.



One of many that we receive from satisfied customers:

Converse, La., Jan. 12, 1911.

Tusten Seed & Produce Co. Shreveport, La.

Dear Sirs—Please send me your seed catalogue.

I can not afford to use any other seed if I can help it. I will do all I can to introduce them, as I know they are the best in the market. Yours truly. REV. J. D. WILSON,

Challenge Late Drumhead

Very similar to our Improved Early Drumhead except that it is some three weeks later and nearly double the size. For those wanting a large late cabbage ther is none better among the Drumheads. It is two or three weeks later, and on rich soil in favorable seasons it will often attain a weight of 25 to 30 pounds. Packet 5c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Challenge Allhead Early—This is the earliest of all the large heading summer varieties, and can not be too highly recommended for private growing or for the market gardener.

This variety is as equally popular as the Early Drumhead. In fact, the only distinction between them is the form of the head, which, although equally as solid and as large in size, is almost flat. It is a sure header and very extensively planted. Oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

Challenge Wakefield.

This famous variety has all the fine qualities of the Early Jersey Wakefield; it produces heads of a much larger size. It has become a leading market variety in all sections of our country where the cabbage is grown extensively for market. Oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.



Challenge Early York

Challenge Early York—The earliest of standard pointed varieties. Oz. 45c; ¼ fb, 45c; fb, \$1,50.

mailenge Sure Head—Our Surehead is the finest variety strictly main crop cabbage on our list. It never fails to make fine large solid heads with few outer leaves. It is a strong vigorous grower, and is very regular in size, shape and color. It is a solendid variety for both spring and summer planting. It resists scalding sun and rains and is a good keeper, staying in good condition long after maturity. Invaluable for both home and market garden, and no Southern garden or truck farm should be without Surehead. Pkt. 5c: ½ oz. 45c: oz. 25c; ¼ ω. 60c; lb. \$2.00; postpaid.

Cabbage seed is our leading specialty. All varieties that we list in this catalog will do well in this climate.

There is nothing better for lice on cabbage than kerosene emulsion.

APRIL

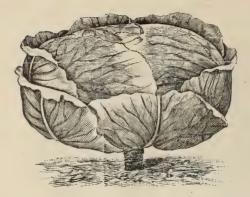
Plant Turnips, Bush and Pole Beans, Corn, Cucumbers, Squash, Melons, Okra, Beets, Carrots, Swiss Chard, Radish, Lettuce, Mustard, Endive, Roquette, Cress, Parsiey, Pumpkins, Soup Celery, Tomatoes, Egg Plants, Pepper, Kohl Rabi, Cauliflower; sow German Millet for hay.

2161	April 15
(Phas. BOSTON NEW YORK WASH'TON H. M. H. M. H. M. L. Q. 9 to 24 M. 10 24 M. 10 24 M. N M. 17 64 oM. 64 oM. F. Q. 24 3 47 M. 3 47 M. 3 47 M.	LATITUDE OF OF OF OF NORTHERN MIDDLE SOUTHERN STATES.
D N Historical Events. I M Illinois Coal Miners' Strike, 1910 2 T Simplon Tunnel opened, 1905 Admiral Cervera cided, 1909 4 T First Newspaper in U. S., 1704 5 F Good Friday 6 S Peary discov'd North Pole, 1909	Sun Sun Moon Sun Sun Sun Moon Sun Sun Sun Moon Sun Su
6 S Peary discov'd North Pole, 1909 14. Easter Sunday.	Day's Length—12h. 59m.—12h. 55m.—12h. 48m.
7 S Easter Sunday 8 M Thomas F Ryan died, 1910 9 T F. Marion Crawford died, 1909 10 W A. C. Swineburne died, 1909 11 T J. D Fish convicted, 1885 12 F F Fire at Chelsea, 1908 13 S Verestchagin killed, 1904	5 27 6 37 3 7 15 28 6 37 3 54 6 28 3 4 1
15. Low Sunday.	Day's Length—13h. 18m.—13h. 14m.—12h. 67m.
14 S Sen. M. C. Butler died, 1909 15 M Bering Sea Treaty, 1896 16 T Mafeking relieved, 1900 17 W Sanford C. Hill died, 1871 18 T Earthq at San Francisco, 1906 19 F Dollinger excommunicated, 1871 20 S Mulga Mine Explosion, 1910	5 22 6 40 4 16 0 5 24 6 38 4 14 5 32 6 29 4 8 5 20 6 41 4 36 0 5 22 6 39 4 35 5 31 6 29 4 35 5 19 6 42 4 55 6, 5 21 6 40 4 56 5 30 6 30 5 2 1 5 17 6 43 8ets 0 5 19 6 41 8ets 5 20 6 31 8ets 5 15 6 44 8 30 1 5 18 6 42 8 25 5 28 6 33 8 17 5 18 6 42 8 25 5 28 6 33 8 2 19 5 12 6 46 11 4 1 5 15 6 44 10 57 5 25 6 33 10 29
16. 2d Sunday after Easter.	Day's Length-13h. 36m13h. 32m,-13h. 10m.
21 S Mark Twain died, 1910 22 M Campbell-Bannerman d., 1908 23 T St. George 24 W P. F. Collier died, 1909 25 T St. Mark 26 F Björnstjerne Björnson d., 1910 27 S Heinrich Conried died, 1909	5 11 6 47 morn 1 5 13 6 45 morn 5 24 6 34 11 36 5 9 6 48 0 12 2 5 12 6 46 0 5 5 23 6 35 morn 5 5 6 6 50 1 10 2 5 10 6 47 1 3 5 22 26 3 5 0 35 5 6 6 50 1 10 5 2 5 0 6 48 1 50 5 21 6 36 1 26 5 5 5 6 5 2 2 31 2 5 8 6 49 2 2 6 5 20 6 30 2 8 5 5 3 6 5 3 2 59 2 5 6 6 50 2 56 5 19 6 37 2 44 5 5 2 6 5 4 3 2 3 2 5 5 6 5 1 3 21 5 18 6 38 3 15
17. 3d Sunday after Easter.	Day's Length—13h. 55m.—13h. 49m.—18h. 22m.
28 S Fitzhugh Lee died, 1905 29 M Stuart Robson died, 1903 30 T Washington inaugurated, 1789	3√2 5 0 6 55 3 45 2 2 5 3 6 52 3 45 51 6 39 3 44 1-1 4 59 6 6 4 5 3 5 2 6 53 4 6 5 16 6 40 4 11 1-1 4 58 6 57 4 27 3 5 16 54 4 29 5 15 6 41 4 41
	1-3, heavy frost; 4-7, cloudy and rain; 8-12, clear and ar and fair; 22-25, stormy; 26-30, occasional showers,

What Alfalfa Requires

Alfalfa is the most prolific plant known to the farmer, but we want our customers to know that it is an enormous consumer. A vield of four tons of alfalfa hay per acre takes from the soil 148 pounds potash, 45 pounds phosphoric acid and 161 pounds of lime. The sensible culti-

vator of alfalfa will see from the foregoing statement that he must not expect to take away annually that quantity of mineral substances from his soil without exhausting his lands; therefore he had better apply at least as much or more to his fields, or his alfalfa will die out. necollect the above quantities and add that much each season.



Challenge Early Summer

This is a very valuable variety not only for the market gardener, but also the private grower, as its heading season is between Jersey Wakefield and Early Drumhead, producing heads of double the size of the former and almost equal to the latter, frequently weighing from 12 to 20 pounds each; of round-flattened form, very compact, solid, and of excellent quality; leaves turn into the heads almost as soon as formed which permits of close planting, about 900 plants to the acre. Per oz. 15c; 1/4 ID. 50c; Ib. \$1.50.

CARROT

Every garden should have a plentiful supply of Carrots. They are useful for soups, boiling, and splendid for pickles, and if any are left over, make the best food for horses, live stock and hogs.

One ounce sows 400 feet of drill; 3 lbs. to the acre. Ready for the table in 40 to 70 days from germination. Sow from March to June.

Culture—Carrots do best on a light, well manured, deeply worked soil. Sow in drills twelve inches apart and half an inch deep ,and after-wards thin out to three to six inches apart. To keep for winter, pack the roots in moderately dry earth or sand in the cellar, or they can be pitted out of doors.

Half Long—Is the best for general use. Pa. 5c; oz. 45c; 4 oz. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Long Orange—Is quite a favorite for late planting. Pa. 5c; oz. 45c; ¼ fb. 40; fb. \$1.25.

CAULIFLOWER

One quarter ounce produces about 500 plants; 3 ounces make enough to set out an acre. Mature heads in 90 to 100 days from planting.



Culture—For early forcing, sow in December or January, or for spring planting in January or February in gentle hot beds or cold frames. For field culture sow and give the same treatment as for early or late cabbage. They require plenty of manure, moisture and good culture. After they begin to head, fasten the leaves together over the top to protect from the sun and keep white.

Early Snow Ball—This variety gives more plants to the ounce and more heads to the plants than any other. Oz. 75c; 2 oz. \$1.25; ¼ lb. \$2.25.

Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt—A standard and excellent variety. It forms good, solid pure white heads of fine quality. Pkt. 15c; ¼ oz. 50c; oz. \$1.75; ¼ lb. \$6.00.

MAY

Plant Turnips. Corn, Melons, Squash, Cucumbers, Egg Plants, Tomatoes, Peppers, Okra, Bush and Pole Beans, Pumpkins, Radishes, Endive, Lettuce, Celery, for bleaching can be sown now, but requires plenty of water if the weather is dry.. Plant Cow Peas and se out Sweet Potato slips.

2161	Sh May De lo
	LATITUDE OF OF OF OF OF SOUTHERN STATES.
D D. Historical Events. I W St. Phillip and St. James I T J. L. Beveriche died, 1910 Farragut in New Orleans, 1862	S S S S S S S S S S
4 S Earthquake at Cartago, 1910 18. 4th Sunday after Easter.	Day's Length—14h. 12m.—14h. 5m —13h. 34m.
5 S Palos Mine Disaster, 1910 6 M King Edward VII. died, 1910 7 T Ward H Lamon died, 1893 8 W Eruption of Mt. Pelee, 1902 9 T Pacific Railway opened, 1859 10 F Henry M. Stanley died, 1904 11 S Minnesota admitted, 1853	4 51 7 3 11 47 3 4 54 6 59 11 40 5 10 6 44 11 11 48 7 5 6 48 12 17 4 48 7 5 5 0 31 4 4 51 7 3 7 0 morn 5 9 6 45 11 57 4 48 7 7 5 6 17 7 4 4 51 7 7 3 1 1 1 5 7 6 46 0 38 4 6 7 7 1 35 4 4 50 7 4 1 30 5 6 6 47 1 11 4 51 7 7 8 1 59 4 4 49 7 7 5 1 25 5 5 6 47 1 11 4 43 7 7 9 2 20 4 4 47 7 7 6 2 18 5 4 6 48 2 9
19. Rogation Sunday	Day's Length-14h. 28m -14h. 21m13h. 45m.
12 S Battleship Florida launched,'10 13 M Baltimore occupied, 1861 14 T Pullman Strike, 1894 15 W Maximilian surrendered, 1867 16 T Ascension Day 17 F Palma President of Cuba, 1902 18 S Pinar del Rio Explosion, 1910	4 42 7 10 2 39 4 4 46 7 7 7 2 38 5 4 6 49 2 35 4 4 45 7 8 2 58 5 3 6 50 3 1 1 40 7 13 3 18 4 4 44 7 7 8 2 58 5 3 6 50 3 1 1 40 7 13 3 18 4 4 44 7 7 8 2 58 5 3 6 50 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
20. Sunday after Ascension.	Day's Length-14h. 43m14h. 30m,-13h. 55m.
ry S H. H. Rogers died, 1909 20 M Dewey leaves Manila, 1809 21 T Albion Tourgee died, 1905 22 W Victor Hugo died, 1885 23 T Henrik Ibsen died, 1906 24 F Queen Victoria born, 1819 25 S Emilio Castelar died, 1899	↑ 4 35 7 18 11 3 4 4 40 7 13 10 56 4 59 6 54 10 27 4 34 7 19 11 54 4 4 39 7 14 11 48 4 58 6 55 10 27 2 4 33 7 20 10071 4 38 7 15 10071 4 58 6 55 10071 4 32 7 21 0 33 4 4 27 7 16 0 28 4 57 6 56 0 7 27 4 32 7 22 1 4 3 4 36 7 17 1 0 4 56 6 57 0 46 2 2 4 31 7 24 1 2 3 4 36 7 17 1 0 4 56 6 57 0 4 6 2 2 4 3 1 7 24 1 5 1 3 4 36 7 17 1 0 4 56 6 57 0 4 6 2 2 2 4 3 1 7 24 1 5 1 3 4 35 7 18 1 27 4 56 6 57 1 4 6 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 3 3 7 24 1 5 1 3 4 35 7 18 1 27 4 5 6 6 57 1 4 5 6 5 7 0 4 5 6 7 0 4 5 6 5 7 0 4 5 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5 6 6 7 0 4 5
21. Pentecost—Whit Sunday.	Day's Length-14h. 66m14h. 45m14h. 4m.
26 S Steamer Pluvoise sunk, 1910 27 M Dr. Robert Koch died, 1910 28 T Senator Quay died, 1904 29 W Paris burned, 1871 30 T Decoration Day 31 F A. Steinheil murdered, 1909	A 4 29 7 24 2 11 3 4 34 7 19 2 12 2 55 6 59 2 75 1 4 28 7 2 2 3 4 34 7 70 2 12 4 55 6 59 2 75 1 4 28 7 26 2 54 3 3 7 21 2 57 4 54 7 1 3 4 34 7 20 2 3 4 34 7 20 2 3 4 34 7 20 2 3 4 34 7 20 2 3 4 34 7 22 3 24 4 54 7 1 3 4 34 7 2 1 3 4 34 7 2 1
	3, clear and fair; 4-7, cloudy and rain; 8-12, warmer; ers, 24-27, clear and pleasant; 28-31, partly cloudy.

For the past twenty-one years we have made a study of corn, and during that time we have encouraged the farmers to greater efforts in the production of corn, showing them by planting varieties adapted to this climate that the yield could be easily increased from 20 to 30 bushels to the acre, and it is with no little

satisfaction and pride that we look back and note that our labor has not been in vain.

Order early. We are prepared to fill your orders as soon as this catalog reaches you. So please order early. You will aid us and get quicker service by doing this.

CELERY

One ounce sows about 400 feet and produces about 8,000 good plants; 4 ounces to set one acre. Matures in 120 to 150 days, according to season and

location.

Culture.—For early transplanting sow seed in May or June; for later crops in July or August and even later farther south. Plants should stand in seed beds until 6 inches high. Celery ground should be rich and moist with deep soil. Plant in rows 3 feet apart, and 6 to 8 inches apart in row. In our section keep the earth well drawn up as the plants grow to blanch them properly. In the lower parts of the south blanching by boards is necessary, as drawing up the earth causes "rusted" celery, which is unsaleable. Celery is a heavy feeder and you can not expect satisfactory celery unless you use plenty of manure or commercial fertilizer. Seed beds should be partly shaded. Matures in from 120 to 150 days according to seasons and location.

Golden Self Blanching—Valuable early variety; compact, stocky, thick solid, brittle. The large, hard stalks and inner leaves are beautiful golden yellow. Rich flavor. ½ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; ¼ fb. \$1.00; fb. \$3.50.

Giant Pascal—This choice celery is of a sweet nutty flavor. Stalks thick, solid, stringless, almost as brittle as glass. Blanches with slight earthing. Very satisfactory for all purposes. ½ oz. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; fb. \$1.50.

CUCUMBER

Culture—Cucumbers are very tend r and should not be planted until danger of frost is ast and ground becomes a little warm. If planted earlier than this they should be protected. Plant in hills 4 feet apart each way 8 to 10 seeds in a hill. When rough leaves have formed thin out to 4 plants in each hill. One ounce of seed plants 80 hills; 14 bs, to an acre.

Insect Remedies—For spotted and striped beetles the remedy is tobacco dust sprinkled liberally on the vines and hills while the dew is on. For the cucumber borer, which bores into the cucumbers, hand picking and destroy-

ing infested cucumbers is the only remedy.



Early Frame—is an excellent early variety. Pa. 5c; oz. 10c; ½ lb 40c; lb 70c.

Early White Spine—Is a very popular early variety. Pkt. 5e; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. 70c.

Tusten's Evergreen — Is the best variety for market; it is strictly an evergreen. retaining its color till fully ripe. Pa. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ ID. 40c: ID. 70c.

Long Green—A general favorite for late planting. Packet 5c; oz. 45c; ¼ 1b. 40c; 1b. 70c.

COLLARDS

Culture—Same as cabbage. We have the true Georgia Collard seed, the only variety of any value in this climate. Oz. 10c; ¼ fb. 25c; fb. 75c.

True Long Georgia—The old time Southern favorite collard. It stands all kinds of hard treatment and neglect with little injury, and is a sure cropper in the South. Can be grown on land so poor that cabbage won't head on it, and furnish a plentiful supply of leaves of good quality. Makes a head in cool winters. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Improved White Georgia — Also called cabbage collard on account of its close bunching growth and light green leaves resembling the cabbage—combining the hardiness of the collard with the whiteness and crispness of the cabbage. You will never know how good collards can be until you try our Improved White Georgia. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

JUNE

Plant Turnips, Water Melons and Cantaloupes, Cucumbers, Okra, Squash, Pumpkins, Bush and Pole Beans, Radishes, Lettuce, Celery, Cauliflower, Tomatoes, Egg Plant and Sweet Pepper for fall crop.

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r S Hobson sinks Merrimac, 1898	R 4 26 7 30 9 40 2 4 31	
22. Trinity Sunday 2 S. Trinity Sunday 3 M. Jas. G. Blaine resigned, 1892 4 T. Sen. Gorman died, 1906 5 W. Oil City Disaster, 1892 6 T. Corpus Christi 7 F. Earthquake in Calitri, 1910 8 S. Norway seceded, 1905	7 1 25 7 30 10 27 2 4 31 4 25 7 31 11 5 2 4 30 6 4 25 7 32 11 36 2 4 30 4 24 7 32 110 11 2 4 29 6 4 24 7 33 0 1 2 4 29	n.—14h. 64m.—14h. 10m. 7 25 10 20 4 53 7 3 9 52 7 26 10 59 4 52 7 3 10 34 7 26 11 31 4 52 7 4 11 10 7 27 11 57 4 52 7 4 11 41 7 28 morn 4 52 7 5 morn 7 28 0 20 4 52 7 5 0 10 7 29 0 41 4 51 7 6 0 36
23. 1st Sunday after Trinity		2m.—15h. 1m.—14h. 15m.
9 S Levi Z. Leiter died, 1904 10 M Steamer Slavonia wrecked, 1909 11 T St. Barnabas 12 W Earthquake in India, 1897 13 T War Revenue Bill signed, 1898 14 F Pres. Penna of Brazil died, 1909 15 S Gen. Slocum Disaster, 1904	4 22 7 37 3 17 sl 4 28	7 29
24. 2d Sunday after Trinity.	Day's Length 15h. 16	6m.—15h. 5m.—14h. 18m.
16 S Gen. Bobrikoff shot, 1904 17 M Father S. Kneipp died, 1897 18 T Railroad Rate Bill signed, 1910 19 W Cardinal Vaughan died, 1903 20 T Ariz. and N. Mex.admitted, 1910 21 F Summer begins 22 S Postal Bank Bill passed, 1910	4 22 7 30 10 30 1 4 28 4 22 7 39 11 5 1 4 28 4 23 7 39 11 32 1 4 28 4 23 7 40 11 55 1 4 28 4 23 7 40 morn 2 4 28	7 33 9 37 4 51 7 9 9 10 7 33 10 25 4 51 7 10 10 2 7 33 11 1 4 51 7 10 10 44 7 34 11 29 4 51 7 10 11 20 7 34 11 54 4 52 7 11 11 50 7 34 10 11 4 52 7 11 11 50 7 34 10 17 4 52 7 11 10 19
25. 3d Sunday after Trinity.	Day's Length—15h. 17	7m.—15h. 6m 14h. 19m.
23 S Wehrum Mine Disaster, 1909 24 M St. John, Baptist 25 T Sarah O. Jewett died, 1909 26 W Chicago Anarchists pard'd, 1893 27 T Joseph Smith shot, 1844 28 F Sen. S. D. M Enery died, 1910 29 S St. Peter and St. Paul	4 24 7 40 0 59 2 4 29 4 24 7 40 1 23 2 4 29 4 24 7 40 1 51 3 4 30 4 25 7 40 2 26 3 4 30 4 25 7 40 3 8 3 4 31	7 35 0 40 4 52 7 11 0 47 7 35 1 2 4 53 7 11 1 15 7 35 1 27 4 53 7 11 1 15 6 7 35 1 50 4 53 7 11 2 20 7 35 2 32 4 53 7 12 3 0 7 35 3 15 4 54 7 12 3 45 7 35 7 35 8 15 4 54 7 12 3 85 7 35 1 15 8 5
26. 4th Sunday after Trinity.		4m.—15h. 4m.—14h. 18m.
		7 35 8 59 4 54 7 12 8 33
WEATHER PREDICTIONS.—1—14—17, clear and pleasant; 18—21, occasi	clear and fair; 4–8, cloudy nal showers; 22–26, partly	and rain, 9-13, warmer; cloudy; 28-30, pleasant.

A Chicago German who got excited over an account of an elopement of a married woman exclaimed: "If my vife runs avay mit anoder man's vife I vil shake him out of her preeches if he be mine own fadder, so help me gracious."

Superior stocks are necessary to the prosperity of the market planter. The inferior article may be more attractive at the beginning because it costs less, but the superior seed gives the more valuable product.

ODDS AND ENDS OF SEEDS

There are some kinds of vegetables not known or not cared for by the great majority of gardeners. We have them, however, odds and ends of the vegetable garden, and list them below.

Broccoli

Very simliar to cauliflower, but much easier grown by the inexperienced. Cultivate same as cabbage, giving as rich soil as possible.

Early Market-Largest and earli-

est variety, making pure white heads. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

Early Purple Cape—Heads very light purple color. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.

Brussels Sprouts

Highly esteemd plant of the cabbage family, valuable for summer and fall planting in the south. Hardy in most parts of the south in winter. Plants grow two feet high and a very small head forms at each leaf joint on the stock. Flavor very fine. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c. Celeriac, or Turnip-Rooted Celery.

Sow seed the same way as for celerv. Transplant into rows two feet apart and nine inches in the row. Thorough cultivation is necessary to secure good roots. Earthing up is not necessary. The roots may be cooked or used as salad.

Giant Smooth Prague—A large

and smooth variety. Desirable for market, an excellent keeper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

Chervil

An aromatic plant, used for seasoning; can also be cut up with lettuce when served as salad. Is sown in drills or broadcast in February for summer use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.00.

Endive

Fine salad plant, used like lettuce, Early Green Curled-Leaves are dark green, broad and curly, tender and crisp in quality. Packet 5c: oz. 15c: 1/4 fb. 40c.

Corn Salad, or Fetticus

A vegetable used as a salad. Sow in September, cover with straw or hay as soon as cold weather sets in. Can be grown in cold frames covered with straw mats or shutters.

Large Leaved—Oz. 5c; ¼ fb. 45c;

15 50c.

Water and Upland Cress

Sow upland cress in shallow drills. Make succession plantings as it runs to seed quickly.

Upland Cress—Thrives in any

good garden soil, Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4

Water Cress-Deliciously flavored, grows best in shallow running water, Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 25c; oz. 40c.

Dandelion

Sow seed in any good garden soil in February and March in drills, thinning afterwards to 6 in. apart.

Improved Large Leaved—Packet

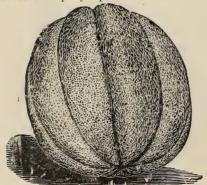
10c; ½ oz. 30c; oz. 50c.

CANTALOUPES

The growing of Cantaloupes, especially the netted varieties, should receive special attention, because when properly grown are a very profitable crop. Absolutely pure seed is necessary. Like begets like. Buy your seed from reliable seed houses. Two pounds of seed is ample to plant an acre. The so'l should be a deep sandy loam and must be well drained. The fertilizers we recommend are stable manure mixed with ashes. Plant in hills six feet apart each way.

Insect Remedies—The vellowish green and spotted melon bug is the princiral enemy to the melons, not only eating the leaves of the vines, but also caling holes in the melons. The liberal use of tobacco dust sprinkled in and upon the hills and vines is one of the best remedies for this and other in-

sects that prey upon melons and vines.



Early Nutmeg—A standard variety: flesh green and of fine flavor. Pa. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

Rocky Ford—A popular variety for early market. Pa. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ 1b. 30c; 1b. 75c.

Early Hackensack-A large deeply netted melon of excellent flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ fb. 30c; fb. 75c.

Extra Early Hanover-The earliest of all. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; th. 75c.

New Orleans Market—An excellent melon for market gardeners. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

JUL Y

Plant Turnips, Pole and Bush Beans; sow Tomatoes. Corn, Cucumbers, Cauliflower, Endive, Lettuce, Radishes, Turnips, Rutabagas, Cabbage of all kinds, Kohl Rabi, Parsley, Mustard. Beets and Celery.

216I	25 July	0							
(Phas BOSTON NEW YORK WASH'TON	LATITUDE OF NORTHERN STATES. Sun Sun Moon Flees sets rises Flees sets r	oon							
I M John Hay died, 1905 T Pres. Garfield shot, 1881 3 W Cervera's Fleet destroyed, 1898 T Independence Day 5 F Venezuela independent, 1811 6 S Aguinaldo released, 1902	4 26 7 40 9 37 4 4 32 7 35 9 32 4 55 7 12 9 4 77 40 10 4 4 4 32 7 35 10 0 4 55 7 12 9 4 77 40 10 27 4 4 33 7 34 10 24 4 56 7 12 10 4 4 28 7 40 11 5 4 4 34 7 34 10 45 4 56 7 12 10 4 4 28 7 40 11 5 4 4 34 7 34 11 4 4 57 7 11 11 4 4 27 7 31 11 24 5 4 3 3 7 34 11 25 4 5 7 12 10 4 4 38 7 40 11 5 4 4 34 7 34 11 4 4 57 7 11 11 11 11 12 14 5 7 3 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	9 42 12 38 38 28							
7 S Merrimac Heroes released, 1898 M John Morgan's Raid, 1863 T Braddsck defeated, 1755 W Wyoming admitted, 1890 T T Simon Newcomb died, 1909 F C. S. Rolls killed, 1910 S Oscar Erbsloch killed, 1910		54 orn 23 57							
28. 6th Sunday after Trinity. 14 S Paul Kruger died, 1904 15 M Cawnpore Massacre, 1857 16 T Mrs. Lincoln died 1882 17 W Angelo Heilprin died, 1907 18 T Don Carlos died, 1909 19 F Battle of Winchester, 1864 20 S Pope Leo XIII. died, 1903	4 36 7 35 9 1 6 4 41 7 30 8 56 5 2 7 9 8 9 4 4 1 7 30 9 28 5 2 7 8 9 9 4 1 7 30 9 28 5 2 7 8 9 9 1 4 38 7 34 9 57 6 4 42 7 29 9 55 5 3 7 8 9 9 1 4 38 7 33 10 20 6 4 43 7 28 10 20 5 4 7 8 10	37 16 49							
29. 7th Sunday after Trinity. Day's Length—14h. 50m.—14h. 41m.—14h. 0m. 1 S Gunboat Bennington Expl. 1905 1 M Toyoka Mine Disaster, 1907 2 M Toyoka Mine Disaster, 1907 2 M Toyoka Mine Disaster, 1907 2 M Gen. L. McLaws died, 1905 2 W Gen. L. McLaws died, 1907 2 T St. James 3 T St. James 4 44 7 28 0 26 6 4 48 7 24 0 32 5 8 7 4 1 42 2 F First P. O. in America, 1775 2 M 44 7 28 0 26 6 6 4 49 7 23 1 12 5 8 7 4 1 42 2 F Sen. Edm. W. Pettus died, 1907									
30. 8th Sunday after Trinity. 28 S Moses Montefiore died, 1885 29 M King Humbert assasin'd, 1900 30 T Farthquake in Mexico, 1900 31 W John G. Carlisle died, 1910	4 49 7 22 8 31 6 4 54 7 18 8 28 5 11 7 0 8 4 50 7 21 8 52 6 4 55 7 17 8 50 5 12 7 0 8	es. 43 14 41							
	1-2, cloudy and rain; 3-7, clear and warm; 8-12, very and fair; 21-24, cloudy; 25-27, rain; 28-31, pleasant								

LET US HELP YOU!

We want every customer to feel that it is OUR business to help HIS business. Whether this help comes in the form of pedigree seeds or through advice given by correspondence—all have the same purpose.

Busines deals with us must in every case satisfy the customer or we want to know it. "To err is human" and mistakes may happen in spite of all precaution. We consider those, who give us a chance to do the right thing at all times, the true friends of our business.

FGG PLANT

No seed is more difficult to germinate than the Egg Plant. It always requires the strongest heat. Sow in hot bed, keep well watered until the plants appear; when large enough transplant in rows 20 inches apart. Egg Plants succeed best on a rich, loose, loam soil which should be carefully snaded or plowed up early in the spring.



New York Improved-Very large and smooth, fine color. Pkt. 5e; oz. 25e; 1/4 lb, \$1.00.

Black Beauty-A splendid new early variety, some ten days earlier than the New York Improved. The "eggs" are large and broad, of attractive form and fine flavor. Color is rich, lustrous purplish black, uniform over the whole fruit. Free from thorns or spines. A heavy bearer and a most attractive market variety. Pkt. 10c: ½ oz. 20c: oz. 35c: ¼ lb. \$1.25: lb. \$4.50.

KOHL RABI

Also known as Turnip Rooted Cabbage. Sow in rows 18 to 20 inches apart, thinning out to 8 inches apart in rows when well up. Use when the bulb becomes 2 or 3 inches in diameter.

Large White Goliath—The best variety. Bulbs about the size of an apple when ready for use. Pale whitish green color. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb \$1.75.

KALE

Or BORECOLE—Very hardy member of the cabbage family, withstanding any southern winter. Sow in drills.

Dwarf German Green-An extra hardy variety of Kale, very popular with market gardeners, Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ fb. 20c; fb. 60c.

Dwarf Curled Scotch-Pkt, 5c; oz.

10c; ¼ fb. 20c; fb. 60c.

LEEK

Culture of Leek is about the same as for Onions. Sow either in late fall or early spring. Sow in beds or drills, and when 6 inches high transplant in rows, setting as deep as possible without covering center leaves.

Giant Musselberg—Our best variety and very popular. Hardy thru winter in our section. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ fb. 40c; fb. \$1.25.

LETTUCE

From early spring to early summer sow in drills every two weeks: when up thin to six inches apart. To form good heads they must have rich soil. Sow early quite thick in light dry soil well fertilized.

Big Boston—A very early variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

Early Curled Simpson—A very early curled variety but does not produce solid heads. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30e; lb. 75e.

Large Salamander—A valuable variety for summer and fall planting. Pkt. 5c · oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

Passion Lettuce—Most valuable for early market gardeners, can not be too highly recommended for eithmarket or private gardening. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

May King—A very early variety, large white heads, crisp and of excellent flavor, without doubt the best variety for spring planting. Oz. 20c; ¼ fb. 50c; lb. \$1.00.



Early Cabbage—Is a very popular variety. Oz. 10e; ¼ lb. 30c; lb 75c.

Tennis Ball—This is a celebrated strain of Boston Market. Pa. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

AUGUST

Plant Turnips, Bush and Pole Beans, Peas, Cabbage, Broccoli, Kale, Parsley, Lettuce, Radishes, Mustard, Cress, Beets, Carrots, Celery, set out Shallots and Onion Sets, Seed Potatoes.

2161				A	11	d.	US Page	31	Die of the second		1912
(Phas. BOSTON NEW YORK WASH'TON L. Q. 5 II I 7 A. II I 5 M. 12 2 57 A. 2 57 A. 2 57 A. 2 5	MOON'S SIGNS.	NO	ATITU OF RTH TATI	ERN	SUN SLOW.	M	OF D D TATI	LE	SO Sun rises	OF UTH TAT	ERN
r T Japan declared War, 1894 2 F Bradlaugh expelled, 1881 3 S Standard Oil Co. fined, 1907	战	4 51 4 52 4 53	7 20 7 19 7 18	9 10 9 28 9 47	6	4 56 4 57 4 58	7 16 7 15 7 14	9 9 9 28 9 48	5 I3 5 I4 5 I4	6 59 6 58 6 57	9 .6 9 30 9 55
31. 9th Sunday after Trinity. 4 S Sen. Wm B. Allison died, 1908 5 M Phil. Sheridan died, 1888 6 T Wm. Kemmler executed, 1890 7 W Gen. Miles retired, 1903 8 T A. C. Del Castillo assass, 1897 9 F Mayor Gaynor sh t, 1910 10 S Richard Golden died, 1909			7 17 7 15 7 14 7 13 7 12 7 10	ngth- 10 8 10 32 11 2 11 41 morn 0 33 1 39	6 6 6 5 5	4 58 4 59 5 0 5 1 5 2 5 3		10 11 10 36 11 7 11 47 morn	5 15 5 16 5 16 5 17 5 18	6 56 6 55 6 55	10 24 10 55 11 31 morn 0 16 1 11
32. 10th Sunday after Trinity				ength-				1			
11 S Lopez in Cuba, 1857 12 M Peace Protogol signed, 1898 13 T Florence Nightingale died, 1910 14 W Jeffries defeated Corbett, 1903 15 T Peking taken by Allies, 1900 16 F Pres, Montt of Chile died, 1910 17 S Gail Hamilton died, 1896	米金公内	5 2 5 3 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 7 8	7 6 7 5 7 7 9 6 59	2 57 sets 7 56 8 21 8 43 9 5 9 29	5 5 5 5 4 4 4	5 5 6 5 7 5 8 5 9 5 10 5 11	7 4 7 3 7 5 6 59 6 58 6 56		5 21 5 21 5 22 5 23 5 23	6 50 6 49 6 48 6 47 6 46 6 43	sets 7 44 8 17 8 47 9 16
33. 11th Sunday after Trinity.		Day	's Le	nath—	13	1. 48	m.—	3h. 4	2m.—	13h.	17m.
18 S Adm. Evans retired, 1908	力學強強	5 10	6 54 6 53	9 55 10 26 11 3 11 48 morn 0 41 1 40	4 3 3 3 3 3 2	5 13 5 14 5 15 5 16 5 17	6 54 6 53 6 52 6 50 6 49 6 47 6 46	10 32 11 10 11 55 morn 0 48	5 26 5 26 5 27 5 28	6 41 6 40 6 39 6 38 6 37	10 21 10 57 11 39 morn 0 26 1 19 2 16
34. 12th Sunday after Trinity.		Da	y's L	ength-	-18	3h. S	0m.—	-13h. 2	25m	- 13h	. 5m.
25 S Pres. Borda assassinated, 1897 26 M Castelar elected, 1873 27 T Flood in Monterey, 1909 28 W Cetewayo captured, 1879 29 T St. Lawrence Bridge Dis., 1907 30 F Richard Mansfield died, 1907 31 S George Wm. Curtis died, 1892	はぬめこ	5 17 5 18 5 19 5 20 5 21 5 22 5 22	6 47 6 45 6 43 6 42 6 40 6 39 6 37	2 42 3 46 rises. 7 18 7 35 7 53 8 13	2 I	5 19 5 20 5 21 5 22 5 23 5 24 5 25	6 43	2 48 3 51 rises. 7 17 7 35 7 54 8 15	5 30 5 31 5 31	34 6 33 6 32 6 31 6 29 6 28 6 27	3 13 4 11 rises. 7 12 7 35 8 0 8 27
WEATHER PREDICTIONS.—1—clear and fair; 16–19, warm; 20–23, su											

That the farmers of this State are waking up to the value of oath as a general crop is shown by the following taken from the report of the Bureau of Statistics of the United States Department of Agriculture

	Acreage	Yie	d per	acre	· P	roductio	n '	Pr	rce prel D	ec 1	Total farm value on basis of price Dec. 1			
1911	1910	1969	1911	1910	1909 1	1911	1916	1909	1911	1510	1909	1911	1910	1909
							Bu. 774,000							

WATERMELONS

Care should be used in the selection of seed. The soil should be light and deep and well drained. Fertilize with stable manure mixed with ashes.

Kleckly Sweet—One of the best varieties for this section. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

Georgia Rattlesnake — An old standby for the Southern States. Pa. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

Premium Triumph — One of the largest varieties. Pa. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

Halbert Honey—An exceedingly sweet and delicious flavored melon. It resembles the Kleckly Sweet, but is more productive and one of the best for family use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

Arkansas Traveler—An excellent variety for home use. Pa. 5c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Jordan's Gray Monarch—Is one of the largest and sweetest varieties . known. Pa. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 75c.



Tom Watson—A famous big sweet watermelon, dark green in color. Melons are long, average large size, splendid shippers, and one of the best table qualities melons on the market. It is rapidly superseding other sorts for Southern growing, and is highly recommended for nearby markets or family gardens. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ fb. 35c; fb. \$1.00.

Alabama Sweet—The best market melon, very early. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb, 30c; lb. 75c.

Florida Favorite—Very early variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 75c.

MUSTARD

Southern Giant Curled—A beautiful curled variety. Oz. 10¢; ¼ lb. 25¢; lb. 50¢.

Bloomsdale—A large broad leaved variety. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

OKRA

Sow the seeds very late in the spring in rich soil. The earth must be warm or the seed will not germinate.

White Velvet—A round pod variety. We regard it as one of the best. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 40c.

Dwarf—A very early large pod variety. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb 40c.



SEPTEMBER

Plant Turnips, Extra Early Peas, sow Radishes, Carrots, Beets, Parsley, Mustard, Celery, Corn Salad, Kohl Rabi, Leeks, Lettuce, Endive, Turnips, Cauliflower, Spinach, Parsley, sow Creole and Bermuda Onion Sets, set out Shallots, and sow Turnip Rooted Celery and Salsify.

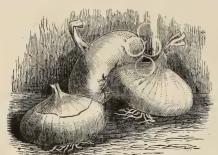
01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 0	September 5
F. M. 26 6 34 M. 6 34	LATITUDE OF
4 W Clyde Fitch died, 1909 5 T Portsmouth Treaty signed, 1905 6 F President McKinley shot, 1901 7 S Battle of Belmont, 1861	Dav's Length—13h. 11m.—13h. 7m.—12h. 62m. 5 24 6 35 8 36 0 5 26 6 33 8 40 5 34 6 26 8 5; 5 25 6 33 9 37 1 5 28 6 30 9 43 5 35 6 24 9 36 5 26 6 32 9 37 1 5 28 6 30 9 43 5 35 6 23 10 00 5 27 6 30 10 22 1 5 20 6 28 10 29 5 36 6 22 11 00 5 28 6 27 morn 2 5 30 6 27 11 27 5 36 6 20 11 50 15 5 30 6 20 11 50 5 5 30 6 25 0 31 2 5 32 6 24 0 38 5 38 6 18 1 1 1
9 M E. H Harriman died, 1909 10 T Gen. M'Cook shot, 1873 11 W Battle of Brandywine, 1777 12 T Kriiger leaves Africa, 1000 13 F U.S. Constitution ratified, 1788	Day's Length—12h. 51m.—12h. 49m.—12h. 88m. 5 32 6 23 1 51 2 5 33 6 22 1 57 5 38 6 16 2 22 3 33 6 22 3 3 5 33 6 32 3 5 33 6 32 3 5 33 6 32 3 5 33 6 33 5 34 6 20 3 30 5 39 6 14 4 5 35 6 18 8ets 3 3 5 5 6 6 17 8ets 5 40 6 12 8ets 5 35 6 6 6 7 7 5 4 6 17 7 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13
16 M Moscow burned, 1872 17 T Mt. Cenis Tunel opened, 1871 18 W Herbert Bismarck died, 1904 19 T Pres, Garfield died, 1881 20 F Negaune Mine Disaster, 1907	Day's Lenuth -12h. 32m.—12h. 30m.—12h. 24m. 5 39 6 11 8 24 5 5 40 6 10 8 29 5 43 6 7 8 59 5 40 6 9 8 59 5 5 41 6 9 9 5 5 5 44 6 6 9 3. 5 41 6 7 9 41 6 5 42 6 7 9 9 48 5 44 6 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
23 M Autumn begins	Day's Length—12h. 13m.—12h. 12m.—12h. 10m. 5 46 5 59 1 37 7 5 47 5 59 1 42 5 48 5 58 2 4 5 47 5 57 2 42 8 5 48 5 57 2 46 5 48 5 58 3 3 5 59 5 53 44 88 5 54 9 5 55 3 49 5 55 4 4 5 59 5 53 4 48 8 5 59 5 54 4 49 5 49 5 54 4 5 5 51 5 52 rises. 9 5 51 5 52 rises. 5 50 6 21 5 57 5 51 6 30 5 53 5 48 6 41 9 5 53 5 48 6 44 5 51 5 50 7 3
WEATHER PREDICTIONS1-	Day's Length—11h. 52m.—11h. 53m.—11h. 56m. 5 54 5 46 7 6 10 5 54 5 47 7 11 5 52 5 48 7 38 7 5 55 5 45 7 34 7 5 55 5 45 7 38 7 5 55 5 45 7 34 7 5 55 5 45 7 34 7 5 55 5 47 7 44 7 5 53 5 47 8 7 32 24. pleasant; 25–27, clear and cooler; 28–30, frosty.

A New York policeman swore out the following affidavit: "I hereby solemnly swear that the prisoner set upon me calling me an ass, a scrub, a scare crow, a ragamuffin and an idiot, all of which I certify to be true." Note what we have to say about corn in this book and be free to write us when we can serve you.

"Py Schiminy, how dot boy studies der languages," is what a delighted clderly German said when his 4-year old son called him a blear-eyed son of a saw-horse.

ONIONS

Onions should be planted in loose soil well fertilized with rich well rotted manure. Cover the seed lightly. Sow in drills three pounds to the acre. Cultivate very shallow to force the onions to grow on top of the ground.



Prize Taker—A very large yellow globe onion. Pa. 5c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.50.

Australian Brown—Is the best for this climate, elegant in flavor, good keener. Pa. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ fb. 60c; fb. \$1.75.

Large Red Weatherfield—A large flat onion, yields enormous crops, a good keeper. Pa. 5c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$4.50.

White Silver Skin— An abundant cropper, very delicate in flavor, highly prized by housewives. Pa. 5c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.50.

Creole—Is one of the best varieties and one of the best keepers. Pa. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Danvers Yellow Globe—A fine early variety, large size. Pa. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb, 60c; lb, \$2.50.

Red Globe—One of the best varieties of red onion. Pa. 5c; oz. 45c; 44 lb. 60c; lb. \$1.50.

PFAS

Select light, dry soil that has been well manured the previous year. If you wish to have peas before your neighbors, sow our Extra Early.

McLean's Little Gem (wrinkled)—A dwarf variety, early, very productive. Pkt. 5c; pt. 45c; qt. 35c; gal. \$1.00; peck \$2.00.

Alaska—An early blue variety, very popular for shipping. Pt. 15c; qt. 25c; gal. \$1.00; peck \$2.00; bushel \$6.50.

Shropshire Hero (wrinkled)—This is a famous variety of English Pea which was awarded a first class certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society of England. Pt. 25c; qt. 40c; gal. \$1.50; peck \$2.75.

Champion of England (wrinkled)

—A Pole Pea famous for its exquisite flavor. Pt. 45c; ot. 25c; gal. \$1.40; peck \$2.00; bushel \$7.00.

Black Eye Marrowfat Pole—This variety is very popular in all parts of the country for its productiveness. Pt. 45c; qt. 25c; gal. 75c; peck \$1.25; bu. \$5.00.

Large White Marrowfat Pole—Similar to the Black Eye Marrowfat. Pt. 45e; qt. 25e; gal. 75e; peck \$1.25; bushel \$5.00.



First Best—A choice variety of early pea, very productive. Pt. 20c; qt. 35c; gal. \$1.10; peck \$2.00; bushel \$7.50.

Extra Early—An early variety, very hardy, will continue bearing longer than any other early pea, Pt. 20c; qt. 35c; gal. \$1.10; peck \$2.00; bu. \$7.50.

OCTOBER

Sow Onion Seeds of all kinds, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Kale, Leeks, Spinach, Mustard, Swiss Chard, Carrots, Beets, Corn Salad, Kohl Rabi, Radishes, Lettuce, Endive, Parsnip, Salsny, Peas, set out Shallots, Artichokes and Strawberry plants.

2161	Ortober	1912
(Phas. BOSTON NEW YORK WASH'TON D. H. M. H. M. H. M. L. Q. 3 3 48 A 3 48 A. 3 48 A. N. M. 10 8 40 M. 8 40 M. 8 40 M. F. Q. 17 9 6 A 9 6 A 9 6 A. F. M. 25 9 30 A 9 30 A 9 30 A	OF OF OF OF STATES.	RN
D D. Historical Events. I T Postal Special Delivery, 1885 2 W First Railroad in U. S., 1833 3 T Modocs executed, 1872 4 F Bartholdi died, 1904 5 S James Harlan died, 1899	Subject Subj	55 orn
40. 18th Sunday after Trinity.	- Day's Length-11h. 82m11h. 94m11h. 42	<i>m</i> .
6 S Bulgaria independent, 1908 7 M O. W. Holmes died, 1894 8 T Great Fire in Chicago, 1871 9 W Florida purchased, 1820 10 T Justice Shiras installed, 1892 11 F Hurricane in Florida, 1909 12 S Sen. C. H. Jones died, 1097	6 3 5 33 2 12 12 6 2 5 33 2 15 5 58 5 38 2 6 4 5 31 3 31 12 6 3 5 32 3 33 5 58 5 36 3 2 6 5 5 29 4 47 13 6 4 5 30 4 47 5 59 5 33 4 5 5 6 6 5 29 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	19 31 41 49 ets 12 47
41. 19th Sunday after Trinity.	Day's Length-11h. 13m11h. 16m11h. 28	m.
13 S Prof. F. Ferrer shot, 1909 14 M Charles D. Bates died, 1895 15 T Fontanet Powder Explosion, 1907 16 W Taft and Diaz met, 1909 17 T Charles A. Dana died, 1897 18 F S. Luke, Evangelist 19 S C. Lombroso died, 1909	6 12 5 19 8 23 14 6 10 5 21 8 31 6 4 5 28 9 6 14 5 18 9 18 14 6 11 5 19 9 25 6 4 5 27 9	2 56 54 53
42. 20th Sunday after Trinity.	Day's Length-10h. 53m10h. 57m11h 15h	m. :
20 S Siege of Kimberley begun, 1899 21 M Sen. M. N. Johnson died, 1909 22 T John Sherman died, 1900 23 W Sen. P. H. McCarren died, 1909 24 T Judge R. W. Peckham d, 1909 25 F Grant Allen died, 1895 26 S Prince Ito assassinated, 1909	6 19 5 10 1 31 15 6 17 5 12 1 34 6 8 5 21 1 6 20 5 8 2 35 15 6 18 5 11 2 37 6 9 5 20 2 6 22 5 7 3 39 16 6 19 5 9 3 40 6 10 5 19 3 6 22 5 5 4 44 16 6 20 5 8 4 43 6 10 5 18 4	4I 4I
43. 21st Sunday after Trinity.	Day's Length-10h. 85m10h. 40m11h. 21	m.
 S John G. Vassar died, 1888 M St. Simon and St. Jude T Siege of Ladysmith begun, 1899 W Pres. Taff at N. Orleans, 1909 T Hallowe'en 	6 29 4 58 7 8 16 6 26 5 1 7 15 6 15 5 13 7 6 30 4 57 8 10 16 6 27 5 0 8 17 6 15 5 12 8	9 53 46 48 56
	-4, changeable; 5-8, partly cloudy; 9-11, rain; 12-16 1-24, pleasant; 25-28, clear and colder; 29-31, cloudy	

Corn is the most important of all crops grown in the United States, both for its magnitude and money values. It forms the basis of American agriculture, as is proven by the following statement taken from the year books of United States Department of Agriculture for 1910.

Corn _____3,121,381,000 Bushels Wheat _____ 631,769,000 Bushels Cotton _11,423.000 Bales (Estimated) On a basis of 60 cents per bushel for Corn, 80 cents per bushel for Wheat ,and \$70.00 a bale for cotton, the value of these crops is as follows:

Corn _	 \$1	,872,828,600
Wheat	 	505,415,200
Cotton	 	799.820.000

PARSLEY

Sow in rows early in the spring in good rich soil. The seeds are very slow to vegetate, often requiring four to six weeks to germinate.



Moss Curled—One of the best curled varieties. Pa. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Plain or Single—This is the hardiest variety, it has a very strong flavor. Pa. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$4.00.

PARSNIP

Hollow Crown—One of the best for this climate. Pkt, 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ fb. 30c; fb. \$1.00.

PEPPER

Sow early in the spring in hot bed in shallow drills; transplant when about 6 inches high. The peppers delight in rich, deep soil. It should be well cultivated.



Large Sweet Bell—A very large pepper with fine flavor. Pa. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

Chinese Giant—This is the largest pepper known; color brilliant scarlet, mild flavor. Pa. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.25.

Ruby King—Large and handsome repper. Pa. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 50c; w. \$1.75.

Long Red Cayenne—A long red variety, very hot. Oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

Red Cherry—Oz. 25c; ¼ fb. 75c; fb. \$2.50.

Don't be afraid to send us orders for 25c or 50c worth. They are just what we want, for next year you will order \$2.00 to \$3.00 worth. We want your trade, and will strive to please you when you favor us with it.

NOVEMBER

Sow Spinach, Corn Salad, Radish, Lettuce, Mustard, Parsley, Carrots, Salsify, Parsnips, Soun Celery, Endive, Calbage, Leeks, Endive, Turnips; set out Shallots and Artichokes and Strawberry Plants.

november 5 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1													
(Phas. BOSTON NEW YORK WASH'TON H. M. L. Q. 1 10 37 A. 10 37 A. 10 37 A. N. M. 8 9 5 A. 9 5 A. F. Q. 16 5 43 A. 5 43 A. F. M. 24 11 12 M. 11 12 M. 11 12 M.	MOON'S SIGNS.	NC	STAT	IERN ES.	IN FAST.	M	O I D STA	DLE TES.		sc		HER TES	
0 Historical Events.	PW W	6 34	4 54 4 53		9 16	6 3	9 4 5 4 5	м. н. 57 го 56 то	44 rn	6 17 6 18	5	o II o mo	8 rn
3 S Steinheil Trial began, 1909 4 M John M. Smyth died, 1909 5 T Grant re-elected, 1872 6 W Benj. Harrison elected, 1888 7 T Pensacola taken, 1814 8 F Theo. Roosevelt elected, 1904 9 S Ex-Sen. E.W. Carmack d, 1908	网 透透内	6 35 6 36 6 38 6 40 6 41 6 43	4 45 4 45 4 45 4 45 4 45	2 3 3 4 4 5 6 1	5 16 0 16 4 16 7 16 0 16	6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3	3 4 5 4 4 5 5 4 5 7 4 5	1 1 2 3 2 3 4 4 9 6	17 31 43 55 6	6 19 6 20 6 21 6 22 6 23 6 24 6 24	5 5 5 5 5	6 2 6 3 5 4	29 36 42 47 53
46. 23d Sunday after Trinity. 10 S Centen. Exposition closed, 1876 11 M Gen. Wool died, 1867 12 T Cannon and Groce shot, 1909 13 W Cherry Mine Disaster, 1909 14 T La Seine sunk, 1909	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6 44 6 45 6 46 6 48	4 44	6 1 7 8 9	6 16 2 16 6 16 5 16 8 15	6 4 6 4 6 4	1 4 4 2 4 4 3 4 4 5 4 4	5 16 6 6 15 7 14 8 14 9	32 19 13 12	6 25 6 26 6 27 6 28 6 29	5 5 5 5	2 6 2 6 1 7 0 8	7. 50 44 41 39
15 F Nicholas M. Fish died, 1902 16 S Oklahoma admitted, 1907 46. 24th Sunday after Trinity. Day's Length—9h. 44m.—9h. 62m.—10h. 26m. 17 S Suez Canal opened, 1879													
18 M R. W. Gilder died, 1909 19 T Tweed convicted, 1873 20 W 20 Cherry Miners rescued, 1909 21 T Vice-Pres. G. A. Hobart d. 1899 22 F Paul Kriger at Marseilles, 1900 23 S D. A. De Armond died, 1909	战战二十	6 54 6 55 6 56 6 56	4 35 4 35 4 34 34 34	0 2 1 2 2 2 3 3 4 4	0 15 3 15 7 14 3 14 1 14	6 5 5 6 5 6 5	0 4 4 1 4 4 2 4 3 4 4 3	10 0 10 1 39 2 38 3 38 4	3 1	6 34	4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5	7 I 7 2 6 3 6 4	34 29 26 26 27 31
47. 25th Sunday after Trinity. Day's Length-9h. 31m9h. 40m10h. 18m.													
24 S Strike Riots in Havana, 1902 25 M Powderly resigned, 1803 26 T Battle Modder River, 1899 27 W Hoosac Tunnel opened, 1873 28 T Thinksgiving Day 29 F Ohio admitted, 1802 30 S St. Andrew	**	7 .	4 34 34 36 4 36	5 5 7 10 8 2 9 4	0 17 8 13 0 12 8 12	6 5 6 5 7 7 7 7	8 4 3 9 4 3 9 4 3 1 4 3 2 4 3	6 5	7 5 17 34	6 39 6 40 6 41 6 42 6 42	4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5	5 6 5 7 4 8	37 37 46 59
WEATHER PREDICTIONS.—1-2, snow flurries; 3-6, clear and fair; 7-10, changeable; 11-14, colder; 15-18, cloudy and rain; 19-23, clear and colder; 24-27, fair, 28-30, stormy.													

The total production of corn in Louisiana for the year 1910, as estimated by the United States Department of Agriculture, is 58,835,000 bushels which is an increase of 7,637,000 bushels over the year 1909. The estimated production of the cotton crop of Louisiana for 1910, as reported at the close of the year is 260,000 bales. If the farm value of 60 cents is assumed for the corn and the market price of cotton including seed, is estimated at \$80.00 per bale, the value of our 1910 corn crop exceeds that of our cotton crop by \$14,500.000.

PHMPKIN

Large Cheese—The best variety for this climate, Oz. 5e; ¼ lb, 15e; lb, 25c.

Striped Cashaw — Very prolific. Oz. 10c; ¼ fb. 30e; fb. 50c.



RADISH



Early Scarlet White Tipped Turnip Ramsh—A very beautiful early variety. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

Chartier—A distinct variety of half long radish with white tip. Oz. 10c: ¼ lb. 20c: lb. 50c.

Celestial—A long white variety, grows very large. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 50c;

White Turnip Radish—Oz. 10c; ¼ · lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

French Breakfast—A very popular variety of olive shaped radish. Oz. 10c: 1/4 fb. 20c; fb. 50c.

Chinese Rose Winter—This is a very popular variety with our market gardeners. Oz. 40c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

Black Spanish—A hardy winter variety. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 50c. Early Scarlet Turnip—Earliest va-

Early Scarlet Turnip—Earliest variety in the world. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb 50.

Early Long Scarlet—This beautiful variety was introduced from France and is the earliest variety of the long scarlet class. Oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

SALSIFY

The long tapering root of salsify resembles a small parsnip, and when cooked is a very good substitute roysters, having a very similar flavor. Package 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

SPINACH

Sow early in very rich ground in drills one foot apart.



Savoy Leaved—A very early best variety for home gardens. Oz. 5c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. 25c.

Broad Leaved Flanders—One of the most vigorous and strong growing varieties. Oz. 5c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. 25c.

Long Standing—A very hardy variety, Oz. 5c; ¼ lb, 45c; lb, 25c.

DECEMBER

Sow Spinach, Radishes, Carrots, Lettuce, Endive, Cabbage, Bects, Turnips, Mustard, Leeks. Sow Cauliflower in a frame for a late Spring crop. Sow Tomatoes, Egg Plants and Sweet Pepper seed in a hot bed for early plants.

1912	December	1010
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	LATITUDE OF	on es
48. 1st Sunday in Advent S Fayette City Mine Disaster, 1907 M Battle of Austerlitz, 1805 T Illinois admitted, 1818 W H. O. Havemeyer died, 1899 T M. L. Hayward died, 1899 F St. Nicholas T S Thos B Reed died, 1902	7 11 4 28 1 33 10 7 6 4 33 1 33 6 46 4 54 1 7 12 4 28 2 24 1 10 7 7 4 33 2 42 6 46 4 54 2 4 1 7 13 4 28 3 56 9 7 8 4 33 3 53 6 47 4 54 3 5 8 9 7 14 4 28 5 8 9 7 9 4 33 5 4 6 48 4 54 4 7 15 4 28 6 21 8 7 10 4 33 6 15 6 49 4 54 5	28 33 36 40 45 52
49. 2d Sunday in Advent. 8 S Herbert Spencer died, 1903 9 M Father Matthew died, 1858 10 T Peace Treaty signed, 1898 11 W Gen. Garcia died, 1898 12 T Methuen repulsed, 1899 13 F Mrs. U. S. Grant died, 1902 14 S George Washington died, 1799	7 17 4 28 4 55 8 7 12 4 33 5 2 6 51 4 54 5 7 18 4 28 5 53 7 7 13 4 33 6 0 6 51 4 54 6 7 7 18 4 28 6 55 7 7 1 14 4 33 7 2 6 52 4 54 7 7 7 0 4 28 8 0 6 7 15 4 33 7 2 6 52 4 54 7 7 7 0 4 28 8 0 6 7 15 4 33 8 5 6 53 4 55 8 4 7 20 4 28 9 4 6 7 15 4 33 9 8 6 54 4 55 9 7 7 12 4 28 10 8 5 7 16 4 33 10 11 6 54 4 55 10	25 25 26 26 24
50. 3d Sunday in Advent.	7 24 4 29 1 14 3 7 19 4 35 1 13 6 57 4 57 1 7 25 4 29 2 20 3 7 20 4 35 2 18 6 57 4 57 2 7 25 4 30 3 30 2 7 20 4 35 3 26 6 58 4 58 3	19
61. 4th Sunday in Advent. 22 S George Eliot died, 1830 23 M Battleship Utah launched, 1909 24 T Clarence King died, 1902 25 W Christmas Day 26 T St. Stephen 27 F St. Yohn, Evangelist 28 S Innocents	7 27 4 32 7 12 1 7 21 4 37 7 5 6 59 4 59 6 7 27 4 32 rises. 0 7 22 4 38 rises. 7 0 5 0 rise 7 28 4 33 6 8 sl 7 22 4 38 6 14 7 0 5 0 6	26 36 es. 41 56
	Day's Length—9h. 6m.—9h. 17m.—10h. 17 7 20 4 35 11 23 2 7 24 4 41 11 23 7 2 5 3 11 7 20 4 36 morn 3 7 24 4 42 morn 7 2 5 3 morn 7 2 5 3 7 2 4 37 0 35 7 7 24 4 42 0 34 7 2 5 4 0 3, clear and cold; 4–7. cloudy and snow; 8–12, very; 21–24, clear and cold; 25–26, snow; 27–31, colder.	25 rn 29

The cabbage originated from the wild or sea cabbage growing near the coasts of England. The English brought it to its present state of perfection and were first to introduce it into this country.

The potato was first introduced into this country by the Spanish The sweet potato is supposed to be of American origin.

A solution of salt one ounce to three gallons of water sprinkled on cabbage will be found beneficial.

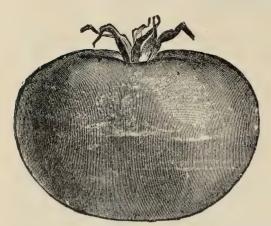
SQUASH

Early White Bush—One of the best for this climate. Pa. 5c; oz. 10c: 4 lb. 25e; lb. 50c.

Early Crookneck—Pa. 5c; oz. 40c; 44 fb. 30c; fb. 75c.



TOMATO



Dwarf Stone—Largest of all dwarf growing self-supporting tomatoes. Very prolific, fruits being produced in clusters of three to five. Bright scarlet color, smooth, firm and solid. Fine flavor. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; ¼ fb. 75c; fb. \$2.00.

Livingston's Beauty—A large smooth tomato, red in color with a purple shade. Pa. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ fb. 60c; fb. \$2.00.

Acme—One of the best for market or home garden. Pa. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Perfection—An early tomato and very productive. Pa. 5c; oz. 20e; ¼ lb. 60e; lb. \$2.00.

Ponderosa—A monster in size but rough and irregular in form. Oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

Early Jewel—Is the earliest tomato known, gardeners should plant no other for early crop. Pa. 5c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

Spark's Earliana—The most famous of the extreme earlies. Plants are of open growth, letting sunlight in to the fruits. Fruits form in clusters of 5 to 8, medium size and of deep scarlet color. This tomato is being sold under a dozen different names. We have the genuine. Pkt. 10c: ¼ oz. 15c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75; lb. \$2.50.

HERBS

Soil for herbs should be light, rich and finely nulverized. Always sow in shallow drills and cover lightly.



Coriander, Dill, Sweet Fennel. Caravay, Hysop, Marjoram, Marigold, Sage, Summer Savory. Thyme, Package 5c; oz. 25c.



Another year has rolled around and crops are harvested. Those who planted Tusten's Challenge Brand Seed Corn are not worrying over the prospect of having corn, it's right there in the crib. We are in a better position this year to furnish you the best se-lected and graded seed corn, and we know you will never regret it if you try it.

WHITE CORN

Our Challenge Brand of St. Charles White Corn is what you need for a general crop. Medium ear, well filled, with very long well developed kernels, and is a variety which is attacked least by weevils. Matures in 110 days. Price per bushel 81.25; ½ bushel 65c; peck 40c; quart 25c; pint 15c; packet 10c.

Iowa Silver Vine, Challenge Brand, is an all round good corn for general crop, preferred by some farmers to any other variety. Matures in 410 days. Bushel \$2.50; pk. 75c; gal. 50c; qt. 25c; pt. 45c; packet 40c.

Champion White Pearl, Challenge Brand, is the corn you should plant for early feed and roasting ears: will yield from 25 to 40 bushels to the acre, and matures in 90 days. Bushel \$2.50; pk. 75c; gal. 50c; qt. 25c; pt. 15c; packet 10c.

Champion. Challenge Brand, this is the variety to plant for roasting ears. You can pick roasting ears from this variety as soon as you can from Adam's Early; will yield 20 to 50 bushels per acre. Matures in 70 days. Bu. \$2.00; pk. 75e; gal. 50e; qt. 25e; pt. 15c.

Adams Early, Challenge Brand, a vhite early variety, an old standby, in great favor with market gardeners, Matures in 60 days. Bushel \$2.50; peck 75c; gal. 50c; quart 25c; pint 45c.

Adams Extra Early, Challenge Brand, the earliest variety, matures in 50 days if planted in rich soil; will make fairly good sized ears, of no value for light soil. Bushel \$3.00; ½ bushel \$1.60 peck \$1.00; quart 25c; pint 15c.

YELLOW CORN

St. Charles Vellow, Challenge Bra d, is the best yellow variety you can get for this climate, is a sure cropper, and heavy yielder. Ears and kernels about the same as St. Charles White. Matures in 110 days. Bushel \$1.25; ½ bu. 75e; pk. 40e; gt. 25e nt. 15e.

Iowa Gold Mine, Challenge Brand, a great favorite for a general crop, matures in 110 days. Bu. \$2.50; pk. 75c; gal. 50c; quart 25c; pint 15c.

Early Learning, Challenge Brand, erv early yellow variety, matures in 80 days, yields from 20 to 35 bushels to the acre. Bushel \$3.00; peck \$1.00; gal. 75c: quart 25c; pint 15c; nacket 10c.

Pride of the North, Challenge Brand, the earliest yellow variety, possessing good sized ears, yields from 25 to 4 bushels, matures in 60 days. Bu. \$3.00; pk. \$1.00; gal. 75e; qt. 25e; pkt. 15e.

SUGAR CORN

Country Gentleman, without doubt the most luscious of all varieties. The plump, pearly-white kernels are of great depth, most delicious, and the flavor will delight an epicure. Size of ear attractive, has small cob, and retains its tenderness a long time. Quar 20c; 4 qts. 55c; pk. 95c; bu. \$3.50.

Stowell's Evergreen—A favorite with market gardeners for late use and especially for the kitchen garden. Ears large, kernels very deep, tender and of most delicious sweetness; very productive. Pkt. 5c; qt. 20c; ½ pk. 55c; pk. 95c; bu. \$3.50.

N. B.—The above prices are for our Challenge Brand, all selected seed, hand shelled: we carry a large stock of the above varieties of corn for seed, machine shelled for planting general rops, raised by our growers the same as our Challenge Brand, on which we can make a very low price in quantities. Do not buy your seed corn until you write us and get prices.

TURNIP

The cultivation of the Turnin is greatly on the increase. It is very easy to cultivate, but requires a deep rich soil. Sow Purple Top, Strap Leaf and Early Flat Dutch for early crop. For general crop sow Tusten Seed & Produce Co.'s Red Top Globe. Prices named are postpaid. Sow 2 lbs. broadcast to the acre.

Large White Globe—A vigorous grower; the tops or leaves are inclined to make a strong growth. Oz. 5c: 4 m. 40c: lb. 40c.

Earl: White Flat Dutch—This is the earliest variety of turnip. Oz. 5c; 14 lb. 10c: lb. 40c.



Purple Top Flat Strap Leaf — A very earliest variety of the easiest culture. Oz. 5c; ¼ fb. 10c; fb. 40c.

Golden Ball—This is the best of the yellow varieties for fall crop for table use. Oz. 5c: ¼ lb. 40c; lb. 40c.

Long White Cowhorn—Oz. 5c; 1/4 lb. 10c; lb. 40c.

Southern Prize—This variety is valuable for greens; it also produces large turnips. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 10. 60c.

Seven Top—Used only for greens. Is a valuable variety for fall planting. Oz. 5c; ¼ lb, 10c; lb, 40c.



Large Amber, or Yellow Globe—Produces fine shaped roots, large and solid; keeps well. Lb. 40c, postpaid; pkt. 5c; ¼ lb. 10c.

Our Red Top Globe—This is one of the most valuable and most saleable varieties grown. Oz. 5c; ¼ fb. 10c; lb. 40c.

Improved Purple Top Rutabaga— This variety has gained a great repuation throughout the entire country. Oz. 5c; ¼ lb, 40c; lb, 40c.

TOBACCO SEED

Our Tobacco Seed is grown for us by the largest and most carful growers of Virginia. None better at any price. One ounce sows a seed bed 50 feet square.

Sweet Oronoko—Finest variety in lower and central South for chewing. If you like to chew natural leaf, grow Oronoko and sun-cure it. Packet 10c: ounce 25c.

Hester—A fine and very superior yellow variety largely grown for home use as a smoking tobacco. Packet 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c.

BROOM CORN

Broom Corn is a very profitable crop and can be grown in Louisiana. The price ranges from \$80.00 to \$100.00 per ton. It is comparatively easily cultivated, will grow on any land that is suitable for corn. It usually produces a ton to three or four acres of land. The seed is useful for feeding stock, being very nutritious. Sow the seed in drills 3 feet apart, about 5 lbs. to the acre, thin the plants out to 3 inches apart, culivate same as corn. Should be cut when the seed is in the milk. If allowed to ripen it changes from a bright green color to a reddish tinge and will not bring as good prices. For marketing the brush should not exceed 16 inches in length ,and be packed in bales for shipment.

Improved Evergreen—An excellent variety of good length; has fine, straight straws and of greenish appearance after being cut. This variety commands the highest market price. Pkt. 10c. postpaid; lb. 10c; 5 lbs. 35c; bu.

(45 pounds) \$2.00.



Manufactured from stock yards manure, highly concentrated, through patented process. One 125-th, sack is equal to one ton of the richest unleached manure—being properly balanced for different crops. No filler used; all plant food. No strong chemicals to burn and wear out your land. These are actual soil builders and root feeders. Put up by scientists and agronomists who have made a study of the requirements of the various crops.

Special booklet pertaining to scientific fertilization of all crops, free, postpaid, upon request..

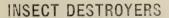
A	NALY	SIS	PURPOSE			
		os. Pot-				
mor	nia acı	id ash				
Kaw Special Fertilizer2.0	4.0	5.0	Berries, fruit\$26.40			
Kaw Trucker3.0	6.0	4.0	Truck 29.40			
Kaw Grain Grower2.0	10.0	2.0	Corn, small grain 28.20			
Kaw Potato Grower1.25		7.0	Tubers, all root crops 29.40			
Kaw Sheep Guano2.0	1.5	1.0	Lawn and greenhouse 19.80			
Kaw Pure Raw Bone Meal_4.0		0.0	General 37.80			
Kaw Pure Raw Bone Meal						
and Manure Potash2.0	13.0	3.0	Orchards, grain 30.60			
Grass Grower4.75	2.5	2.5	Lawns, pastures 28.80			
			pure protein 60 per cent_\$48.00			

IRISH POTATOES

Culture—To secure the best results in growing potatoes it is necessary to plant as early as the ground can be made ready. Use a rich soil and plant in rows 3 feet a art and the sets one foot apart in the rows. A complete Potato fertilizer sown into the rows will aid in harvesting the crop at an earlier date, and usually shows an increased yield. Some growers who wish to harvest a very early crop sprout the potatoes before planting, by cutting the potatoes into pieces of desirable size and placing them in a warm light room for three or four wekes before planting in the open ground. If weather is favorable the shoots will start out strong and vigorous and as soon as the plants have sent out roots they grow more rapidly than freshly cut potatoes. Most growers use from 8 to 9 bushels of potatoes to the acre when planting in 3 foot rows.

On account of market fluctuations we are unable to name exact prices. Will be pleased to have you write during month of January or later, will

then quote price for prompt or future shipment.





HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT—Destroys all insects injurious to Potatoes, Cabbage, Squash, Melons, Cucumbers, Beets, etc., also lice on rose bushes and other flowering plants. This preparation, though death to insects, does not injure the plants, in fact, it is a fertilizer to them. Thoroughly dust the powder over the infected plants. Price, 5 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. 65c.

Dusters—For applying "Slug Shot," two sizes. One-half gallon 35¢; gallon 45¢.

The Complete Garden Bellows—You can get under and over the leaves with it; very successful. Price \$1.50.

Tobacco Dust—Good for killing garden pests on flowering or vegetable plants; finest quality 10c per lb.; \$5.00 per 100 lbs.

MISCELLANEOUS AND FARM SEEDS

A Word About Your Forage Crops.

The forage, hay and grain question is always with us and it is the lack of a sufficient quantity of them that makes us contribute millions upon millions of our cotton money every year to Northern and Western States for what we can grow as well and cheaper here at home.

White Kaffir Corn — Rapidly becoming a favorite in the South for its drouth resisting qualities. Plant stock and erect with wide foliage which makes the finest kind of forage. Two to four heads of grain produced by each stalk. If cut just before heading shoots spring from the roots, producing a second crop of forage and a grain crop. Plant in 3-foot rows and cultivate same as corn. Plant 8 lbs. of seed per acre, sowing it in the rows like the other sorghums. Pkt. 40c; lb. 25c; 5 lbs. \$1.00; postpaid. By express or freight, not prepaid, 6c lb.

Early Amber Sorghum—The earliest and favorite Southern variety for forage crops, either grown alone or broadcasted with peas. Plant in drills 8 lbs. to acre or ½ bushel (24 lbs.) if broadcasted alone. If with peas use one bushel of peas and one peck (12 lbs.) of sorghum. It pays to fertilize this crop heavily. Lb. 20c; 4 lbc. 75c; postpaid. Peck (12 lbs.) not prepaid, 50c; bu., about \$1.75. Write for market prices when ready to buy. Bushel prices change frequently.

Early Orange Sorghum—Larger and 10 days later than Amber and more largely grown for the syrup, which is of fine quality and clear golden yellow color. Desirable for either syrup or forage, Lb. 20c: 4 lbs. 75c, postpaid. Peck 50c; bu., about \$1.75, not prepaid. Write for market prices when ready to buy in quantities.

Milo Maize—Immense producer of fine quality forage. Grows 8 to 12 ft, high, stooling heavily. Can be cut 3 or 4 times during season and at any stage of growth. Large seed heads, furnishing large grain crops almost equal to corn in feeding value. Plant in 4-foot rows, 8 lbs. seed per acre. Lb. 25c, postpaid; 4 lbs. 90c; 10-lb lots or over, not prepaid, 8c per lb.

Pearl or Cat Tail Millet—Best and most valuable of all green forage plants for the South. Sold recently under the name of "Pencillaria" and sold at enormous prices. Continues to grow and produce green forage all thru the season. It has a record of producing 95 tons of green forage

from one acre in 135 days. Valuable for green feed only, as it makes poor dry fodder. Sow in April to June in rows 4 feet apart, using 10 lbs. of seed per acre. Cultivate same as for corn Lb. 25c; 4 lbs. 90c, postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, about 10c lb.

German Millet—In this we handle none but Tennessee grown seed, the only stock fit to plant in the South. Beware of cheap Western seed offered at low prices. 1 bu., per acre. Lb. 20c; 6 lbs. \$1.00 prepaid. Bushel prices on application.

Spanish Peanuts—Earliest, a fine bearer, bushy, erect growth, easily cultivated, the plow doing all the work. Planted in April they mature in August. Can be planted as late as August 1. Heavy yielders of small, very sweet, well filled out nuts. Lb. 25c; 4 lbs. 75c, postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 50c; bu, about \$1.25. Write for prices.

Japanese Buckwheat—The best variety and valuable in bloom as a bee food and in grain for poultry. Can be sown in early spring or late summer. Matures in 60 or 70 days. Does well in almost all soils and resists heat and drouth. Lb. 25e, postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 60c; bushel \$2.00.

Upland Rice—Best Strain. Lb. postpaid, 25c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, peck 75c; bushel \$2.50.

Bernuda Grass—The most valuable of all summer pasture grasses in the South. Grows luxuriantly in the hottest sun and furnishes nutritious grazing for 9 months in the year. Grows well on all soils from the stiffest clay to the lightest sands. Sow seed broadcast, 6 lbs. to acre, from March to June. Seed germinates in 20 to 30 days when ground is warm. 14 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50, postpaid. Special prices on 5-lb. lots or over.

We have also a large quantity of the following grains and grasses for pastures. Write for prices on any quantity.

Kentucky Blue Grass—30 to 40 lbs. per acre.

Red Top Grass—20 lbs. to acre, does best on wet ground.

Orchard Grass—30 to 40 lbs. to acre. Very early, one of the earliest to start in spring; grows rapidly.

Evergreen Lawn Mixture—2 lbs. to every 100 square feet. Produces fine green lawn.

Red Clover—45 lbs. to acre. Fine for hogs and good to mix with other grasses.

Alsike Clover—6 lbs. to the acre. Good for permanent pastures. Does

best on wet ground.

Crimson Clover—15 lbs. to acre. Hardy annual. Sow in September and October. Excellent for winter pastures.

Hairy or Winter Vetch—40 lbs. to acre. Good for winter or to mix with rye or oats for winter pasture; twen-

ty pounds vetch to bushel.

Alfalfa Seed

We carry a large stock of Utah seed, which is beyond doubt the best for this climate, as it stands the dry hot weather much better than the imported seed. The prices range from 16c to 18c per lb. Sow 20 lbs. of the best, and 35 lbs. of the lower grades to the acre. Write for samples and let us submit you special prices.

Seeds for Permanent Pastures

From our experience and observation we can recommend only three varieties for this climate, viz: White Clover, Lespideza Clover, and Bermuda Grass. These three will stay with you, and if mixed will give you a good

winter and summer pasture.

Spotted Burr Clover is gaining favor. Mr. W. W. Stinson of Plain Dealing, La. has a field of this variety of clover growing. He speaks highly of it and says for hog pasturage, there is nothing like it.

For Winter Pastures
We recommend: First, Oats, sowing 2½ bushels to the acre. Second, Rye, sowing 1½ bushels to the acre. Third Barley, sowing 2½ bushels per acre. Fourth, Wheat, sowing 1½ bushels to the acre.

Any one of these is good for winter pasturage and will mature early enough in the spring to give plenty of time to prepare the land for corn.

of time to prepare the land for corn.
We carry a full stock of fresh seed
of all the above. As prices are changing constantly, will ask you to let us
know your wants, will make you
special prices and mail you samples.

Chufas—The nuts grow near the surface and are easily harvested by hogs and chickens Plant in April and May in 3-foot rows, dropping 2 or 3 Chufas every 40 or 12 inches. Give level culture. They mature in September and will lie in the ground until wanted. They are the best fattening crop. Pkt. 10c; lb. 35c, postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, \$1,25; bushel \$4.50.

Teosinte—A remarkable mammoth forage plant from Central America, one of the most valuable forage plants to be used in green state. The yield is enormous and can be cut till frost. One Florida grower writes that

it grew 5 inches per day by actual measurement. Plant in hills like corn after danger of frost is past. Seed is very hard and should be soaked a day of so before planting. Plant 3 lbs. to acre. Oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c, postpaid.

Mammoth Sunflower—Every farm in the South should grow Mammoth Russian Sunflower for the seed for poultry food. There is nothing like it. Poultry fed on it grow rapidly and take on fine glossy plumage. A heavy yielder and easily grown on good land. Plant 4 qts. per acre. Pkt. 10c; qt. 25e; postpaid.

Soja or Soy Beans—Splendid forage plant and soil enricher. Easil—grown, stands drouth well and is very productive. Plants grow 3 feet high. Stock like it. Has higher feeding value than cow peas. Pkt. 10c; qt. 30c; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 85c; bushel \$3.00.

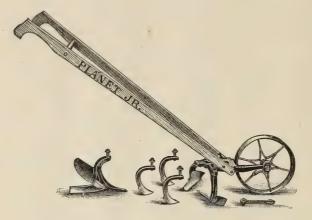
Japan Clover (Lespediza Striata)—An annual which reseeds itself where once established. Starts early in spring, is ready for grazing by June and continues until frost. All stock like it. Does well in central and lower South. Sow 45 lbs. per acre in spring. Lb. postoaid, 45c; 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 25c per lb.

Evergreen Lawn Mixture—Our own mixture, the only satisfactory lawn grass mixture for the South that will produce an "Evergreen" lawn. Sow in earliest spring. Lb., postpaid, 25c; 3 lbs. (sufficient for 1000 sq. ft.), 70c; postpaid. Not prepaid, bushel (15 lbs.) \$1.50.

Velvet Beans, The South's Greatest Soil Enricher, Makes Poor Land Rich. The South's strongest growing forage plant and soil enricher. They make poor land rich, and good land more productive. Makes fine green forage or hay crop, enriching the soil even when the hay crop is cut off. The Florida Experiment Station reported a yield of over 18,000 lbs. of dry forage (9 tons) per acre. The yield is enormous, being the greatest producer of either green or dried forage in the world. It produces at least three times as much grain and forage as the strongest varieties of cow peas and should be planted on every Southern farm. Sow seed at rate of one peck per acre, making rows 5 to 6 feet apart, dropping a bean every 6 inches. Cultivate until the vines begin to run. Best results comes from April and May planted seed. They also make a fine shade for porches and arbors. Pkt. 10c; pint 20c; qt. 35c; postpaid. Peck, not prepaid, 85c; bu. about \$4.00.

PLANET JR. GARDEN TOOLS

We are agents for Planet Jr. Garden and Agricultural Implements, which we furnish at factory prices. Every farmer should own one. If you do not find what you want in this stock, write for our implement catalog.



No. 17 PLANET JR, SIN-GLE WHEEL HOE

Price as in cut____\$6.25 One pair 6-inch hoes, 3 cultivator teeth and a large garden plow.

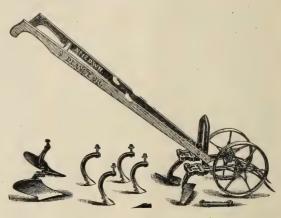
Packed weight 26 lbs.

No. 12 PLANET JR. DOUBLE WHEEL HOE

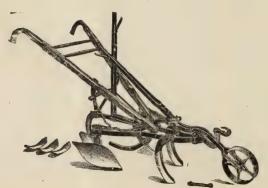
Price, with attachments as in cut_____\$8.50

One pair of 6-inch hoes, 2 pairs of hollow steel cultivator teeth; 1 pair of plows, and 1 pair of leaf lifters.

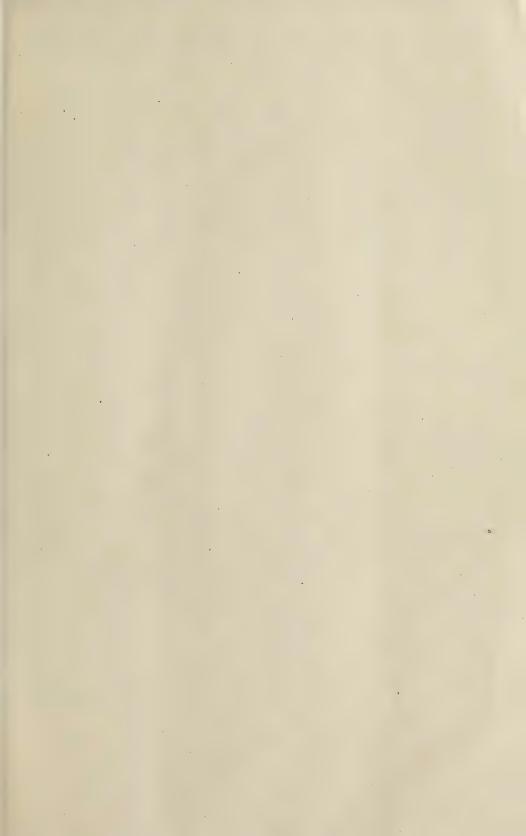
Packed weight 35 lbs.

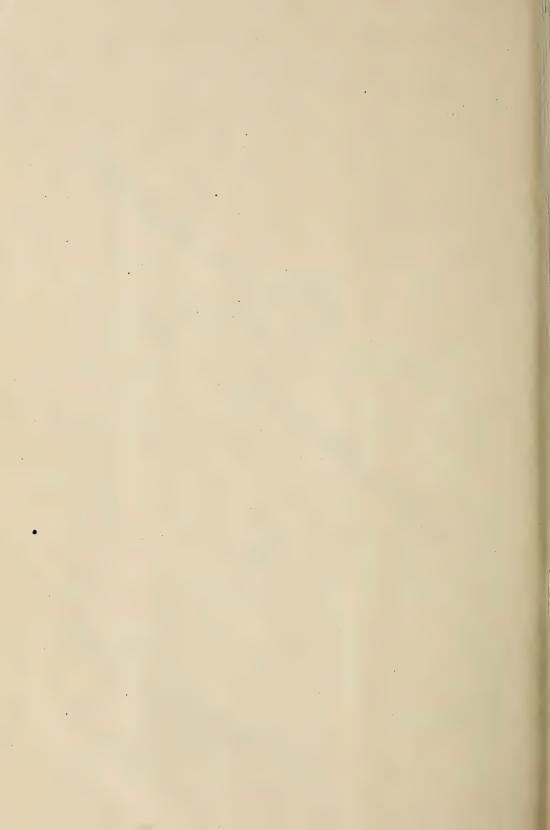


No. 8 PLANET JR. HORSE HOE AND CULTIVATOR



Price, with attachments as shown in cut____\$9.00 Packed weight 82 lbs.





Tusten Seed @ Produce Company

Rotation of Crops.

There should always be a rotation of crops; that is, no two crops of similar nature, such as beet, carrot and parsnip, should be grown two years in succession on the same ground; it is not only very exhausting to the soil, but the crops thus grown are less productive. To facilitate this rotation, the garden should be divided into squares of nearly uniform size, say into 6 or 8 squares. with cross-walks from 3 to 4 feet wide. Constant stirring of the soil. destroying all weeds, and manuring freely, is one of the secrets of the gardener's success.

VEGETABLE TIME TABLE

Length of Time Required to Cook Garden Vegetables.

Young fresh garden products require less time for cooking than old ones. One important rule should be followed, namely, when vegetables have been cooked tender, remove them from the fire as soon as possible, and remove the water, where there is an excess, as in potatoes or beets. An experienced housewife gives the following time table for the preparation of vegetables—

Bake potatoes 30 to 45 minutes. Steam potatoes 20 to 40 minutes. Boil potatoes (in their skins) 20 to 30 minutes.

Boil potatoes (pared) 25 to 45 minutes.

Asparagus (young) 15 to 30 minutes.

Beets (young) 45 minutes. Corn (green) 12 to 20 minutes. Cauliflower 20 to 40 minutes.

Lima beans 45 to 75 minutes. Lima or shelled beans, 45 to 75 mi. Onions 30 to 60 minutes.

Oyster plant 45 to 60 minutes.

Peas 20 to 60 minutes.

Parsnip (young) 30 to 45 minutes. String beans 30 to 60 minutes.

Summer squash 20 to 60 minutes. Turnips (young) 45 minutes.

Tomatoes (stewed) 45, 50 minutes. When vegetables are served with boiled salt meat, they must be cooked in the liquor from the meat after it has been removed.

Good Seed.

It is essential to the success of all truck growing to use only pure seed. It is a fact beyond dispute that the bulk of of the seed sold to Southern growers are unreliable and in a good many instances dead seeds. Buy your seeds only from reliable seed houses, who have a reputation to lose. Do not buy seeds because they are offered to you cheap. It is safer to buy the high priced seed. Following is a list showing the life of seed, if they are older they are worthless.

Beans, one year.

Cabbage, three years.

Carrots, one year.

Cucumbers, four years.

Watermelons, eight years.

Onions, one year.

Peas, one year.

Spinach, one year.

Lettuce, one year.

Cantaloupes, three years.

Seeds do not keep so well in the South as in the North, and it is not safe to rely on seed older than the above limit.

Our Prices.

Our constant aim is to make the highest quality the first consideration, and next to put our prices as low as good reliable seeds can be sold.

Be careful to give name and address plainly, also state by what road you prefer goods shipped.

We give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, purity, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds we sent out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

Hoping to be favored with your orders, we are, Yours truly,

TUSTEN SEED & PRO. CO.

Our seed go everywhere. Ask the gardeners about them.



After Five Days Return

ТО

P.O.

Tusten Seed & Produce Co., Ltd.

Wholesale Fruits, Produce and Seeds

Shreveport, La.

